

Marion, Iowa

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Issued by:

Jonathan Galbraith

Chief Financial Officer Chief Operating Officer

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the

# Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Official Issuing Report Jon Galbraith, Chief Financial Officer

Office Issuing Report Business Office

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#### **Community School District**

#### 2999 North Tenth St. Marion, IA 52302

Amy Kortemeyer

Nathan Wear Associate Superintendent

Bob Read Associate Superintendent

Jon Galbraith Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Leisa Breitfelder Executive Director of Student Services

Karla Christian Chief HR Officer/Executive Director of Communications

Jeri Ramos Executive Director of Technology Services

Brittania Morey President Board of Education

# Inspire Learning. Unlock Potential. Empower Achievement.

December 4, 2023 Members of the Board of Education, and the Citizens of Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Linn-Mar Community School District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This report has been prepared to conform to the guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials International.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is fairly stated in all material respects and is presented in a manner which sets forth the financial position and results of the operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate of the remaining funds of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, (GAAP). It includes all funds of the entire District. The District is not included in any other reporting entity, nor are other entities included within this report. All disclosures necessary to enable a reader to gain maximum understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

#### **ACFR**

The 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Internal Controls and Compliance.

*Introductory Section*- This section includes a transmittal letter, economic outlook of the community, the District's accomplishments, the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's Team Leadership Network and a list of the Board of Directors and District Officials.

Financial Section- The School District's financial statements and schedules are presented in accordance with the financial reporting pyramid set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This section includes the independent auditor's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), audited basic financial statements, required supplementary information and combining and individual fund statements and schedules. The audited basic financial statements provide both an overview and a broad long-term perspective of the School District as a whole in the government-wide financial statements. The MD&A is provided by management as a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

*Statistical Section*- This section includes selective financial, economic and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis for comparison.

**Compliance Section-** This section includes audit reports relating to the Board's single audit over internal control, federal and state awards, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

#### **Linn-Mar Community School District**

This report includes all funds of the Linn-Mar Community School District. The District provides a full range of services including instructional, administrative, transportation, food service, maintenance of sites and facilities, custodial, clerical and extra- and co-curricular activities.

The District is governed by a seven-member elected Board of Education. Board terms are four years with school elections held in November of odd numbered years. The Board of Directors is a policymaking and planning body whose decisions are carried out by school administrators.

The Linn-Mar Community School District is located in Linn County in east central Iowa. The District includes portions of the Cities of Cedar Rapids, Marion and Robins, as well as unincorporated land in northern Linn County. The District originated in 1948 as Marion Rural Independent School District and became the Marion Rural Community School District under the Community School Reorganization Act adopted in 1955. It operated under this name from 1955 to 1963 when its name was changed to Linn-Mar Community School District. The District is currently the 12<sup>th</sup> largest oflowa's 325 public school systems. The certified enrollment taken on October 1, 2023, was approximately 7,566 students.

The District operates one high school, two middle schools, two intermediate buildings, seven elementary schools, an alternative High School Program, a special education transition program, a home school assistance program and an early childhood preschool program. The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to students in early childhood and preschool through grade twelve. These services include basic, regular and enriched academic education; special education for children with special needs; vocational-technical education; and numerous individualized programs such as specialized instruction for students at-risk and for limited English-speaking students.

In addition to a strong PK-12 educational program, the District works with Kirkwood Community College to offer courses for qualified high school students and a community education program for adult learners.

The District is supported financially by state aid, property taxes, state and federal grants for special projects, local revenue received for tuition and other services, and a state-wide one percent sales tax.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Linn-Mar Community School District is located in the Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Service Area (MSA). The District covers 64 square miles and encompasses the north part of the city of Marion and the NE portion of the city of Cedar Rapids. Major economic features of the Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Service Area include business, medical, recreational, educational, and cultural services.

Collins Aerospace (formerly Rockwell Collins) is the largest employer, not only in the Linn-Mar District, but in the Cedar Rapids metro area, employing approximately 8,000 people in the Cedar Rapids/Iowa City area. Collins produces advanced communications and aviation electronics for both government and commercial customers. The company is a leading supplier of commercial and military aviation electronics and communications systems.

Unemployment rates in the MSA Corridor has dropped to 3.00% from 3.10% in 2022. In spite of the pandemic, the City of Marion continues to grow as does the City of Cedar Rapids. During calendar year 2022, the City of Marion issued 107 single-family dwelling building permits, 5 multi-family permits, and 14 new commercial building permits. The District's total taxable valuation for assessment year 2021 is approximately \$2.6 billion.

The District's facilities are in good condition. The oldest building, which opened in 1948 and has several additions, was repurposed in 2010 to house the central administrative offices, the district's alternative HS program, and the district's home school assistance program. Four facilities were initially built between 1959 and 1968. Each has had several additions over the years. Five school sites were built between 1995 and 2010 and have also had several additions and/or renovations. Two new intermediate buildings were opened in the Fall of 2020 to serve fifth and sixth grade students. In addition to school sites, the district has a Transportation and Operations & Maintenance facility that was completed in 2010 and an Aquatic Center that opened in 2013. Currently a new administration building is under construction, slated to open in the fall of 2024.

The financial solvency ratio of the District measures movement and distribution of current assets. The financial solvency ratio represents a school district's year-end position after payment of all current and outstanding or accrued liabilities. Iowa Association of School Boards recommends a target solvency ratio within a range of 7% to 17%. Since fiscal year 2010 up until fiscal year 2022 the District has maintained a solvency ratio within this defined range. The current solvency ratio is 6.656%, which is a decrease from 12.40% during 2021-22. This decrease is in part due to not receiving expected grant revenue from the State's TPRA Grant. Other factors were staffing increases during the same time we saw enrollment decrease.

State revenues make up over fifty percent of the District's general fund budget. The State set the supplemental state aid growth rate at 3.00% for the 2024 fiscal year. Future supplemental state aid beyond fiscal year 2024 is not known. Even through the pandemic the State of Iowa has reported strong state dollar surpluses, so the District is hopeful funding for schools will be adequate. The District will thoughtfully plan its budget in order to regain a solvency ratio and unspent balance ratio that is within the target range of 7% to 17%.

#### **District Major Initiative and Achievements**

The staff, board, students, and community members are to be commended for the 2022-2023 school year. Some of the many accomplishments for the year include:

• Many staff member s received local, regional, state and national recognition from various professional and community organizations for the dedicated work in educating our youth.

- The District saw success in literacy and math scores tied to new curriculum for students in grades K-8. The teacher leadership program continues to provide support for the implementation of high quality instructional strategies.
- The District was recognized for its continued excellence in financial reporting with the receipt of the District's seventeenth consecutive Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award for the 2021-2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

All of the dedicated work that went into these initiatives and achievements had one main focus: supporting the learning of the District's students. For the 2022-2023 school year, the students, as a group, continued to perform at a high level. The following are a few indicators:

- Student achievement exceeded the state average ready and math as measured on the Iowa Statewide Assessment of Student Progress.
- 503 Advance Placement exams were taken with 80% of Linn-Mar students scoring 3 or higher.
- The Class of 2023 had 2 National Merit Finalist (and semi-finalists).
- Linn-Mar students continue to score higher than both the state and national averages of students that complete the ACT assessment. The 22-23 Linn-Mar Community School District composite ACT score was 23.4 with 427 students taking the assessments.

#### **Financial Information**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the District's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Enterprise Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the budgeted amount) is established by function and encompasses all fund types. To facilitate the monitoring of the legal provisions, and to provide more complete information to interested parties the District prepares a more detailed budget for each fund. The following information reflects the comprehensive budget for these individual funds rather than demonstrating compliance at the legal level. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

#### **Independent Audit**

State law and District policy require an annual audit to be made of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all funds of the District by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Board of Directors of the District. The District has complied with this requirement. The report of the District's independent accountants, Bohnsack & Frommelt, LLP, appears in this report. Their audit of the basic financial statements was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America and, accordingly, included a review of the District's system of budgetary and accounting controls.

### Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO), awards a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting. This certificate is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of government financial reports.

In order to be eligible to receive the Certificate, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, (ACFR) whose contents conform to program standards. Such ACFR must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

This Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. The District believes that the current ACFR conforms to the requirements for the Certificate of Excellence and therefore, is submitting to ASBO to determine its eligibility for the Certificate.

## **Acknowledgements**

The publication of this report is a major step toward the commitment to professionalism in financial reporting and significantly increases the accountability of the District to the taxpayers. This would not have been possible without the help of several people. We would like to express our appreciation to all District, City and County employees who assisted in the preparation of this report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education, where commitment to excellence begins. It is with great pleasure that this year's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is submitted to the Board of Education.

Jonathan Galbraith

Chief Financial Officer Chief Operating Officer Superintendent of Schools



# The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **Linn-Mar Community School District**

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



John W. Hutchison President

for w. Artchori

Siobhán McMahon, CAE
Chief Operations Officer/
Interim Executive Director

Sirkha MMha



#### **Nutrition Services Business Services** Manager & Staff Manager & Staff Manager & Staff 2023-24 Organizational Chart Payroll/Benefits Manager & Staff Manager & Staff Jonathan Galbraith Operating Officer **Transportation** Chief Financial & Operations & Maintenance Services Staff **Chief Technology Technology** Jeri Ramos -**Linn-Mar Community School District** Communications & **Human Resources** Human Resources Chief Officer of Karla Christian -Coordinator Superintendent -Media Staff Community Services Amy Kortemeyer Staff **Board of Directors** Student Assistance **Student Services Early Childhood Success Center Student Services Exec Director of Nursing Staff** Melissa Frick -Directors of Associate Staff Staff Staff Teaching & Learning Teaching & Learning Principals, Associate **English Language Athletic Directors Secondary Level Aquatics Center** Manager & Staff Superintendent **Learners Staff** Middle School Nathan Wear **High School** Director of Principals, Director of Secondary and Staff Associate Teaching & Learning **Teacher Leadership** School Facilitators, **Elementary Level** Superintendent Elementary Director of Elementary **Bob Read-**Principals, Associate and Staff Staff

## **Board of Education and School District Officials Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Name	Title	Term Expires
Board	l of Education	
Brittania Morey	President	2023
Clark Weaver	Vice President	2023
Bary Buchholz	Board Member	2023
Sondra Nelson	Board Member	2023
Matt Rollinger	Board Member	2025
Melissa Walker	Board Member	2025
Rachel Wall	Board Member	2025
School	District Officials	
Amy Kortemeyer	Superintendent	2023
Jon Galbraith	Chief Operating Officer/ Chief Financial Officer	2023
Terry Abernathy	Attorney	Indefinite
Simmons, Perrine, Moyer		
& Bergman, P.C.	Attorney	Indefinite
Ahlers & Cooney, P.C.	Attorney	Indefinite
Lynch Dallas	Attorney	Indefinite



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Linn-Mar Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Linn-Mar Community School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Linn-Mar Community School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, Linn-Mar Community School District adopted new accounting guidance related to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. As a result, June 30, 2022 governmental activities net position is restated by \$12,990. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Linn-Mar Community School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Linn-Mar Community School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District contributions on pages 4-15 and 56-65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Linn-Mar Community School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2, *U.S Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2023, on our consideration of the Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moline, Illinois December 4, 2023



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

Linn-Mar Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow:

#### 2022-23 Financial Highlights

- The District's net position for governmental activities was \$87,329,174 at June 30, 2023, compared to \$78,552,110 at June 30, 2022 as restated for implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, represented an increase of \$8,777,064 or 11.17 percent.
- The District's net position for business-type activities was \$3,428,544 at June 30, 2023 compared to \$2,858,581 at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$569,963 or 19.94 percent.
- At the end of fiscal year 2023, the total of assigned and unassigned fund balances in the General Fund was \$6,402,633 or 6.42 percent of total General Fund revenues compared to prior year's total balance of \$11,881,513 or 11.94 percent of total General Fund revenues.
- The District's long-term bonded debt and capital loan notes increased \$6,384,174 due to the issuance of \$15,000,000 revenue bonds.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

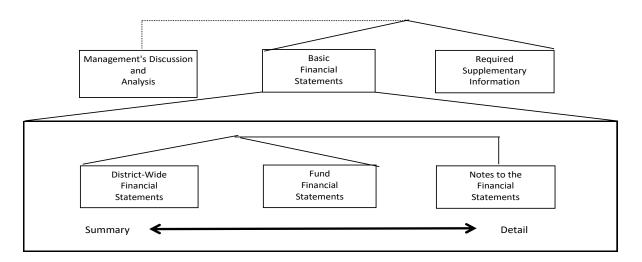
The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.
- The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Linn-Mar Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.
- The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.
- Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year and information regarding the District's retiree health plan and pension plan.
- Other supplementary information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor enterprise funds.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1
Linn-Mar Community School District



## Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2									
	he Government-Wide and	d Fund Financial Statem							
	Government-Wide		Fund Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: school nutrition and internal service fund	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs, reunion moneys and funds for District employee purchases of pop, etc.					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position  Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position  Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position  Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position  Statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Reporting the District's Financial Activity

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

**Governmental activities**: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

**Business-type activities**: The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food service program, aquatic center and ROAR store activities would be included here.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, (such as federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-wide statements, additional information in the notes to financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the Government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the District. The District's net position increased by 11.0 percent, increasing from a restated net position of \$81,410,691 at June 30, 2022, to \$90,757,718 at June 30, 2023. Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2023 compared to June 30, 2022.

Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Position

•	Governmen	ıtal A	Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Sch	ool l	District	Total Percentage Change
			Restated					Restated	
	 2023		2022	2023	2022	2023		2022	2022-23
Current and									
other assets	\$ 98,007,226	\$	80,770,208	\$ 3,640,076	\$ 3,164,291	\$ 101,647,302	\$	83,934,499	21%
Capital assets	204,263,308		205,467,957	825,140	935,163	205,088,448		206,403,120	-1%
Total assets	302,270,534		286,238,165	4,465,216	4,099,454	306,735,750		290,337,619	6%
Deferred outflows									
of resources	9,739,442		9,573,386	323,009	283,244	10,062,451		9,856,630	2%
Long-term obligations	157,146,699		121,704,975	1,061,219	260,378	158,207,918		121,965,353	30%
Other liabilities	16,347,771		12,308,104	196,721	245,572	16,544,492		12,553,676	32%
Total liabilities	173,494,470		134,013,079	1,257,940	505,950	174,752,410		134,519,029	30%
Deferred inflows									
of resources	50,521,332		83,246,362	101,741	1,018,167	50,623,073		84,264,529	-40%
Net position:									
Net investment in									
capital assets	95,530,955		89,788,205	825,140	935,163	96,356,095		90,723,368	6%
Restricted	14,846,661		12,690,386	-	-	14,846,661		12,690,386	17%
Unrestricted	 (23,048,442)		(23,926,481)	2,603,404	1,923,418	(20,445,038)		(22,003,063)	-7%
Total net position	\$ 87,329,174	\$	78,552,110	\$ 3,428,544	\$ 2,858,581	\$ 90,757,718	\$	81,410,691	11%

Net investment in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets is \$96,356,095. These assets are considered non-spendable since they represent capital assets used to provide services to students. The resources needed to pay the obligations from the debt related to these assets must be provided from other resources. \$14,846,661 of net position has some external restrictions on how the funds may be used. The deficit remaining balance of \$20,418,795 represents unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position remains at a deficit net position due to the District's net pension liability reporting requirements which were implemented in fiscal year 2015 and other postemployment benefit liability implemented in fiscal year 2018.

As mentioned before, restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions such as enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. The District's restricted net position increased \$2,130,032, or 17 percent from the prior year. The increase is due to District issuing revenue bonds in the current year.

Unrestricted net position represents the assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt restrictions, enabling legislation or other legal binding requirements. Unrestricted net position increased \$1,584,268 due to the net pension liability and related deferrals experiencing improved investment earnings on an actuarial basis.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following figure shows changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2023, compared to the year ended June 30, 2022.

Total

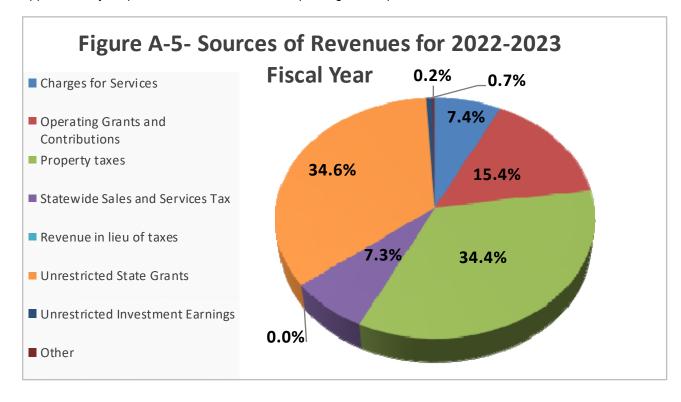
Figure A-4 Changes in Net Position From Operating Results

							Total Percentage
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Sch	Change	
		Not restated					
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022-23
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 9,203,794	\$ 8,989,150	\$ 2,570,382	\$ 853,303	\$ 11,774,176	\$ 9,842,453	19.6%
Operating grants,							
contributions and							
restricted interest	19,082,722	18,574,583	2,353,625	4,634,021	21,436,347	23,208,604	-7.6%
Capital grants,							
contributions and							
restricted interest	-	-	-	-		-	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	42,702,565	43,008,147	-	-	42,702,565	43,008,147	-0.7%
Revenue in lieu of taxes	8,386	1,089,172	-	-	8,386	1,089,172	-99.2%
Statewide sales and							
services tax	9,101,935	9,334,763	-	-	9,101,935	9,334,763	-2.5%
Unrestricted state grants	42,968,413	40,332,066	-	-	42,968,413	40,332,066	6.5%
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	883,704	61,307	35,590	2,346	919,294	63,653	1344.2%
Gain on sale of capital							
assets	38,123	35,468	-	-	38,123	35,468	
Other	256,319	165,198	-	-	256,319	165,198	55.2%
Total revenues	124,245,961	121,589,854	4,959,597	5,489,670	129,205,558	127,079,524	1.7%
Expenses:							
Instruction	68,265,783	63,307,419	-	-	68,265,783	63,307,419	7.8%
Support services	33,325,918	32,209,003	356,361	322,591	33,682,279	32,531,594	3.5%
Noninstructional							
programs	95,816	100,885	3,997,776	3,906,770	4,093,592	4,007,655	2.1%
Other	13,781,380	14,210,527	35,497	48,787	13,816,877	14,259,314	-3.1%
Total expenses	115,468,897	109,827,834	4,389,634	4,278,148	119,858,531	114,105,982	5.0%
Increase in							
net position							
before transfer	8,777,064	11,762,020	569,963	1,211,522	9,347,027	12,973,542	-28.0%
Transfers		_	_	-	_	-	i
Change in net position	8,777,064	11,762,020	569,963	1,211,522	9,347,027	12,973,542	
Net position, beginning, restated	78,552,110	66,777,100	2,858,581	1,647,059	81,410,691	68,424,159	
Net position, ending	\$ 87,329,174	\$ 78,539,120	\$ 3,428,544	\$ 2,858,581	\$ 90,757,718	\$ 81,397,701	:

During fiscal year 2023, property tax, excise taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, statewide sales and services tax, and unrestricted state grants accounted for 76.3 percent of governmental activities revenue while charges for service, operating grants, contributions and restricted interest and investment earnings accounted for all of business type activities revenue

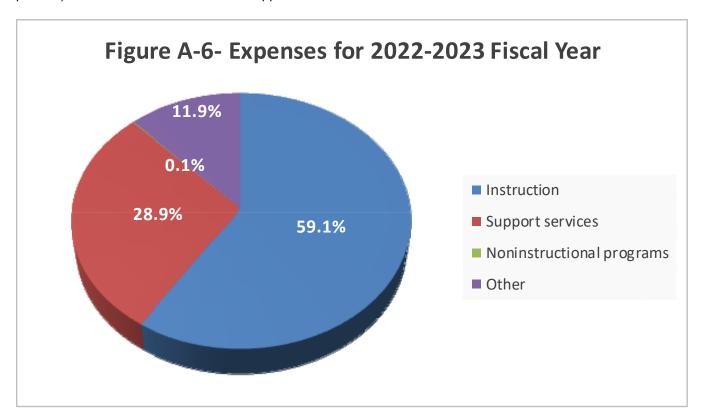
#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

The District as a whole experienced a 2.6 percent increase in revenue while experiencing a 5.0 percent increase in expenses. The District's total revenue was \$129,205,558 of which \$124,245,961 was for governmental activities, while the remaining \$4,959,597 was for business-type activities. Property taxes and unrestricted state grants account for most of the District's revenue, with each contributing approximately 49 percent of the total revenue. (See figure A-5).



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

The total cost for all programs and services increased 5 percent to \$119,858,531. The District's total expenses are listed in Figure A-6. The chart shows that the majority of the District's expenses (88 percent) are devoted to instruction and support services.



#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the District's governmental activities increased 2.2 percent, while expenses increased 5.1 percent. The increase in revenues can be attributed to the increase in unrestricted state grants and charges for services

The District experienced a \$5,641,063 increase in governmental activities expenses primarily due to the increase in salary and benefit expenses.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

Figure A-7 presents the total and net cost of the District's four major governmental activities: instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2023 compared to the year ended June 30, 2022.

Figure A-6 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

					Percentage					Percentage
		Total Cost o	f Ser	vices	Change		Net Cost of	Ser	vices	Change
	·			Not restated	Not restated Not restated				Not restated	
		2023		2022	2022-23		2023		2022	2022-23
Instruction	\$	68,265,783	\$	63,307,419	7.8%	\$	47,442,374	\$	43,195,545	9.8%
Support services		33,325,918		32,209,003	3.5%		29,619,666		28,433,573	4.2%
Non-instructional		95,816		100,885	-5.0%		95,816		100,885	-5.0%
Other		13,781,380		14,210,527	-3.0%		10,024,525		10,534,098	-4.8%
Total	\$	115,468,897	\$	109,827,834	5.1%	\$	87,182,381	\$	82,264,101	6.0%

For the year ended June 30, 2023:

- The cost financed of all governmental activities this year was approximately \$115,468,897
- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$9,203,794.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions as well as contributions from local sources totaling approximately \$19,082,722.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$42,702,565 in property tax, \$9,101,935 in statewide sales, services and use tax, \$42,968,413 in unrestricted state grants and \$1,186,532 in unrestricted interest, gain on sale of capital assets and other income.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues of the District's business type activities decreased by 9.7 percent to \$4,959,597 while expenses increased by 2.6 percent to \$4,389,634 (Refer to Figure A-4). The School Nutrition Fund, Aquatic Center Fund and ROAR Store Fund are the District's three business-type activities. The revenues in these three funds can be broken down into three main categories; charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

The District's business type activities net position increased from \$2,858,581 at June 30, 2022 to \$3,428,544 at June 30, 2023, an increase of \$569,963 or 20 percent.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Governmental Fund Highlights**

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,535,673, an increase of \$11,354,279 from the prior year. A closer look at each individual major governmental fund reveals the following:

- The General Fund balance decreased from \$12,313,088 on June 30, 2022, to \$7,069,549 on June 30, 2023. General Fund revenues increased from the prior year by \$295,093. General Fund expenditures increased by \$3,871,787 due to increases in salaries and benefits and COVID-19 expenditures as well as increased costs of supplies.
- The Capital Projects Fund balance increased from \$8,839,279 on June 30, 2022 to \$24,832,805 on June 30, 2023. The increase in overall Capital Projects Fund balance can be attributed to the issuance of \$15.000,000 revenue bonds.
- The Debt Service Fund balance increased from \$346,134 on June 30, 2022, to \$347,991 on June 30, 2023.

#### **Proprietary Fund Highlights**

The District's proprietary fund expenses exceeded revenues. At the close of fiscal year 2023, expenses exceeded revenues by \$569,963. Total operating expenses increased from \$4,278,148 in 2022 to \$4,389,634 in 2023 primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits and the cost of nutrition program supplies. Operating revenues increased from \$853,303 in 2022 to \$2,570,382 in 2023 due to resuming charging for meals served as the District returned to the pre-pandemic nutrition program and swim activities in the aquatics center.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared according to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison.

The District's total actual revenues were \$3,286,403 more than budgeted revenues, a variance of 2.6 percent from final budgeted amounts due to receiving more in state funding as a result of the state increasing the foundation and categorical funding.

By April 15<sup>th</sup> of each year, the budget must be adopted by the Board of Directors for the fiscal year beginning July 1 through June 30, which immediately follows. Because there are a number of unknowns at that time, such as State revenue allocations, insurance premiums, negotiated employee contracts, enrollment increase, and construction project invoicing, the District has the ability to amend its budget before May 31<sup>st</sup> of each year. The District had one amendment which increased budgeted expenditures by \$3,352,748.

The District exceeded budgeted expenditures in the instruction function by \$28,429.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Capital Asset Administration**

By the end of fiscal year 2023, the District had invested, net of depreciation, \$205,088,448 in various capital assets including land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and information technology (See Figure A-8). This amount represents a net decrease of \$1,314,672 or 0.6 percent over the previous fiscal year. Additions in the current year were primarily building remodeling and roofing projects.

Figure A-7 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

							l otal
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type	Activities	Total Sch	Percentage	
		Restated				Restated	Change
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022-23
Land	\$ 8,499,293	\$ 8,499,293	\$ - \$	-	\$ 8,499,293	\$ 8,499,293	0.0%
Construction in progress	2,980,349	1,429,798	-	-	2,980,349	1,429,798	108.4%
Buildings	173,194,187	177,199,263	-	-	173,194,187	177,199,263	-2.3%
Land imporvements	14,032,548	12,719,859	816,052	-	14,848,600	12,719,859	16.7%
Machinery and equipment	5,172,419	5,083,709	-	935,163	5,172,419	6,018,872	-14.1%
Intangible right-to-use lease building	306,181	375,972	-	-	306,181	375,972	-18.6%
Intangible right-to-use lease equipment	59,433	118,866	-	-	59,433	118,866	-50.0%
Intangible right-to-use IT subscription	18,898	41,197	9,088	-	27,986	41,197	-32.1%
Total	\$204,263,308	\$205,467,957	\$ 825,140 \$	935,163	\$ 205,088,448	\$ 206,403,120	-0.6%

More detailed information on capital asset activity can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year end, the District had \$158,872,918 in long-term obligations, an increase of \$36,242,565 from the previous fiscal year. \$10,591,494 of the District's long-term debt is due within one year.

Figure A-7 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

								l otal	
	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities			Total School District		
		Restated					Restated	Change	
	2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2022-23	
General obligation bonds	63,805,000	66,965,000				63,805,000	66,965,000	-4.7%	
· ·			-	-					
Revenue bonds	50,725,000	39,280,000	-	-		50,725,000	39,280,000	29.1%	
Capital loan notes	2,395,000	3,555,000	-	-		2,395,000	3,555,000	-32.6%	
Bond premiums, net of amortization	5,488,981	6,229,807	-	-		5,488,981	6,229,807	-11.9%	
IT subscription obligation	-	28,207	6,531	-		6,531	28,207	100.0%	
Lease obligation	383,870	508,308	-	-		383,870	508,308	-24.5%	
Compensated absences	24,454	107,444	-	-		24,454	107,444	-77.2%	
Termination benefits	665,000	-	-	-		665,000	-	100.0%	
Net pension liability	29,875,482	921,383	934,659	149,544		30,810,141	1,070,927	2777.0%	
Net OPEB liability	4,448,912	4,109,826	120,029	110,834		4,568,941	4,220,660	8.3%	
Total	\$157,811,699	\$121,704,975	\$1,061,219	\$ 260,378	\$	158,872,918	\$121,965,353	30.3%	

More detailed information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

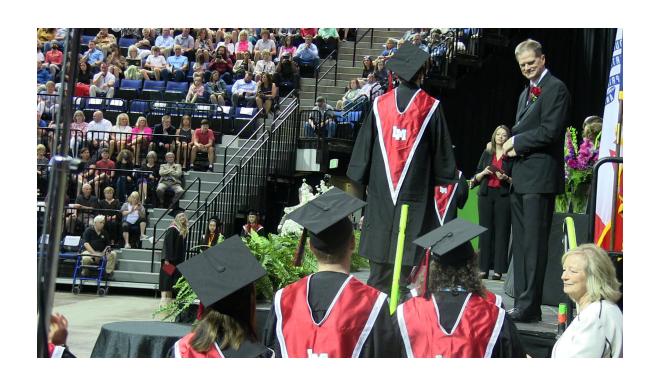
At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- On October 1, 2023, the District experienced a certified student enrollment decrease of approximately 118 students. The number of Educational Savings Accounts (ESAs) fund this year for resident students is 231.
- A nationwide labor shortage has made it increasingly difficult to retain and recruit qualified staff.
   Salaries and benefit expenditures are expected to increase at least by 3% due to the current state of inflation.
- Because of the current state of inflation, the cost of goods and services are on the rise and will impact a significant impact on our future budgets.
- American Recovery Funding resources received as a result of the pandemic were fully expended in FY2023. This will make it difficult to maintain the level of support given to our students to help with the recovery of learning loss due to the pandemic.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the office of the Business Administrator, Linn-Mar Community School District, 2999 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Marion, Iowa 52302.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total	
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	30,577,425	\$ 3,620,293	34,197,718	
Restricted cash and pooled investments		14,492,349	-	14,492,349	
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Delinquent		134,097	-	134,097	
Succeeding year		45,646,314	-	45,646,314	
Due from other governments		6,620,883	-	6,620,883	
Accounts		144,048	772	144,820	
Prepaid expenses		247,124	-	247,124	
Leases		144,986	-	144,986	
Inventories		-	19,011	19,011	
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable		11,479,642	-	11,479,642	
Depreciable, net		192,783,666	825,140	193,608,806	
Total assets		302,270,534	4,465,216	306,735,750	
Deferred outflows of resources:					
OPEB related deferred outflows		934,019	24,139	958,158	
Pension related deferred outflows		8,805,423	298,870	9,104,293	
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,739,442	323,009	10,062,451	

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Liabilities			
Accounts payable	5,986,777	3,909	5,990,686
Salaries and benefits payable	9,970,785	76,775	10,047,560
Accrued interest payable	390,209	, -	390,209
Unearned revenue	, -	116,037	116,037
Long-term liabilities:		-,	,,,,,
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	3,110,000	_	3,110,000
Revenue bonds payable	5,810,000	_	5,810,000
Capital loan note payable	1,185,000	_	1,185,000
Lease obligations	126,313	_	126,313
IT subscription obligation	-	3,227	3,227
Termination benefits	332,500	-	332,500
Compensated absences payable	24,454	_	24,454
Portion due after one year:	,		,
General obligation bonds payable,			
net premiums	66,183,981	_	66,183,981
Revenue bonds payable	44,915,000	_	44,915,000
Capital loan note payable	1,210,000	_	1,210,000
Lease obligations	257,557	_	257,557
IT subscription obligation	201,001	3,304	3,304
Net pension liability	29,875,482	934,659	30,810,141
Net OPEB liability	4,448,912	120,029	4,568,941
Termination benefits	332,500	120,020	332,500
Total liabilities	174,159,470	1,257,940	175,417,410
Total habilities	174,100,470	1,207,040	170,417,410
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Succeeding year property tax	45,646,314	-	45,646,314
Leases	144,986	-	144,986
OPEB related deferred inflows	784,089	20,892	804,981
Pension related deferred inflows	3,945,943	80,849	4,026,792
Total deferred inflows of resources	50,521,332	101,741	50,623,073
Not Decition			
Net Position	05 520 055	925 140	06 256 005
Net investment in capital assets	95,530,955	825,140	96,356,095
Restricted for:	446.025		446.025
Categorical funding Debt service	446,035	-	446,035
	347,991	-	347,991
School infrastructure	6,207,627	-	6,207,627
Physical plant and equipment levy	4,559,680	-	4,559,680
Management levy	2,308,569	-	2,308,569
Student activities	854,020	-	854,020
Public education and recreation levy	122,739	-	122,739
Unrestricted Total not position	(23,048,442)	2,603,404	(20,445,038)
Total net position	\$ 87,329,174 \$	3,428,544 \$	90,757,718

### Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program				Revenues	
				Operating			
			Charges		Grants and		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	fo	for Services		Contributions	
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$	68,265,783	\$	5,676,355	\$	15,147,054	
Support services:							
Student services		4,212,678		1,426,831		29,291	
Instructional staff		6,764,335		970,407		230	
Administration services		9,053,582		865,669		-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services		8,275,199		233,098		-	
Student transportation		5,020,124		31,434		149,292	
Total support services		33,325,918		3,527,439		178,813	
Non-instructional programs:							
Food service operations		58,791		-		-	
Community service operations		37,025		-		-	
Total non-instructional programs		95,816		-		-	
Long-term debt interest		3,395,914		-			
Other expenses:							
AEA flowthrough		3,756,855		-		3,756,855	
Depreciation (unallocated)*		6,628,611		-		-	
Total other expenses		10,385,466		-		3,756,855	
Total governmental activities		115,468,897		9,203,794		19,082,722	
Business-type activities:							
School nutrition		3,997,776		2,118,897		2,353,625	
Aquatic center		356,361		415,817		-	
ROAR store		35,497		35,668		-	
Total business-type activities		4,389,634		2,570,382		2,353,625	
Total	\$	119,858,531	\$	11,774,176	\$	21,436,347	

#### General revenues:

Property tax levied for:

General purposes

Capital outlay

Debt service

Excise taxes

Other taxes

Revenue in lieu of taxes

Statewide sales and services tax

Unrestricted state grants

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

#### Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated Net position, end of year

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation included in the direct expenses of the various programs. See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Capital				_		
Grants and		vernmental		ness-Type		T. 6.1
Contributions	F	Activities	А	ctivities		Total
\$ -	\$	(47,442,374)	\$	_	\$	(47,442,374)
	т	(,,)	т			(,,,
_		(2,756,556)		_		(2,756,556)
_		(5,793,698)		_		(5,793,698)
_		(8,187,913)		_		(8,187,913)
-		(8,042,101)		_		(8,042,101)
-		(4,839,398)		_		(4,839,398)
-		(29,619,666)		-		(29,619,666)
-		(58,791)		-		(58,791)
-		(37,025)		-		(37,025)
-		(95,816)		-		(95,816)
		(3,395,914)		-		(3,395,914)
-		-		-		-
		(6,628,611)		-		(6,628,611)
-		(6,628,611)		-		(6,628,611)
-		(87,182,381)		-		(87,182,381)
						<u></u>
_		-		474,746		474,746
-		-		59,456		59,456
		-		171		171
		-		534,373		534,373
\$ -	\$	(87,182,381)	\$	534,373	\$	(86,648,008)
		32,866,428		_		32,866,428
		4,270,100		-		4,270,100
		5,566,037		-		5,566,037
		163,533		-		163,533
		92,786		-		92,786
		8,386		-		8,386
		9,101,935		-		9,101,935
		42,968,413		-		42,968,413
		883,704		35,590		919,294
		38,123		-		38,123
		95,959,445		35,590		95,995,035
		8,777,064		569,963		9,347,027
		78,552,110	Φ.	2,858,581	Φ.	81,410,691
	\$	87,329,174	\$	3,428,544	\$	90,757,718

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor	Total
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 16,030,820	\$ 10,871,485	\$ 330,487	\$ 3,344,633	\$ 30,577,425
Restricted cash and					
pooled investments	-	14,492,349	-	-	14,492,349
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Delinquent	95,011	13,428	17,504	8,154	134,097
Succeeding year	33,991,203	4,385,552	5,429,392	1,840,167	45,646,314
Due from other governments	5,889,514	730,519	-	850	6,620,883
Accounts	37,502		-	2,881	144,048
Prepaid items	220,881		-	1,243	247,124
Leases	144,986		-	-	144,986
Total assets	\$ 56,409,917	\$ 30,621,998	\$ 5,777,383	\$ 5,197,928	\$ 98,007,226
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and					
Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,527,932	\$ 1,403,641	\$ -	\$ 55,204	\$ 5,986,777
Salaries and benefits payable	9,953,556	-	-	17,229	9,970,785
Total liabilities	14,481,488	1,403,641	-	72,433	15,957,562
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Grants	722,691		-	-	722,691
Succeeding year property tax	33,991,203		5,429,392	1,840,167	45,646,314
Leases	144,986	-	-	-	144,986
Total deferred inflows					
of resources	34,858,880	4,385,552	5,429,392	1,840,167	46,513,991
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	220,881	25,000	-	1,243	247,124
Restricted for:					
Categorical funding	446,035	-	-	-	446,035
Debt service	-	-	347,991	-	347,991
School infrastructure	-	20,273,125	-	-	20,273,125
Physical plant and					
equipment levy	-	4,534,680	-	-	4,534,680
Management levy	-	-	-	2,308,569	2,308,569
Student activities	-	-	-	852,777	852,777
Public education and					
recreation levy	-	-	-	122,739	122,739
Assigned for specific purposes	535,797	-	-	-	535,797
Unassigned	5,866,836				5,866,836
Total fund balance	7,069,549	24,832,805	347,991	3,285,328	35,535,673
Total liabilities, deferred					_
inflows of resources, and					
fund balances	\$ 56,409,917	\$ 30,621,998	\$ 5,777,383	\$ 5,197,928	\$ 98,007,226

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances of governmental funds	Ş	\$ 35,535,673
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	ı	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as		204 262 209
assets in the governmental funds.		204,263,308
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		722,691
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and		
payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported as a		
liability in the governmental funds.		(390,209)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(784,089)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	934,019	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	8,805,423	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(3,945,943)	5,009,410
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(63,805,000)	
Revenue bonds payable	(50,725,000)	
Capital loan notes payable	(2,395,000)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(5,488,981)	
Lease liability	(383,870)	
Termination benefits	(665,000)	
Compensated absences	(24,454)	
Net pension liability	(29,875,482)	
Net OPEB liability	(4,448,912)	(157,811,699)
Net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 87,329,174

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor	Total
Revenues:				-	
Local sources:					
Property tax	\$ 30,270,182	\$ 4,270,100	\$ 5,566,037	\$ 2,596,246	\$ 42,702,565
Utility excise tax	112,351	17,824	22,330	11,028	163,533
Other tax	64,830	9,027	12,671	6,258	92,786
Tuition	5,676,356	-	-	-	5,676,356
Other	2,475,964	576,890	77,237	1,281,051	4,411,142
State sources	56,237,600	10,513,874	1,150	568	66,753,192
Federal sources	4,965,445	-	-	-	4,965,445
Total revenues	99,802,728		5,679,425	3,895,151	124,765,019
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction, regular	69,602,817	982,262	-	1,391,741	71,976,820
Total instruction	69,602,817	982,262	-	1,391,741	71,976,820
Support services:					
Student services	4,535,607	-	-	10,752	4,546,359
Instructional staff services	7,167,445	58,177	-	18,849	7,244,471
Administration services	8,868,895	103,953	-	43,958	9,016,806
Operation and maintenance					
of plant services	7,752,579	101,504	-	995,000	8,849,083
Student transportation	3,347,717	996,926	-	182,190	4,526,833
Total support services	31,672,243	*	_	1,250,749	34,183,552
Non-instructional programs		, ,		,, -	
Food service	_	-	-	61,586	61,586
Community service		-	-	37,025	37,025
Total non-instructional	-	-	-	98,611	98,611
Other expenditures:					
Capital outlay	-	5,665,216	-	575,210	6,240,426
AEA flowthrough	3,756,855	-	-	-	3,756,855
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	8,027,645	-	8,027,645
Interest and fiscal charges		146,443	4,018,511	-	4,164,954
Total other	3,756,855	5,811,659	12,046,156	575,210	22,189,880
Total expenditures	105,031,915	8,054,481	12,046,156	3,316,311	128,448,863
Excess (deficiency)					
of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(5,229,187	) 7,333,234	(6,366,731)	578,840	(3,683,844)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of equipment	38,123	_	_	_	38,123
Issuance of long-term debt	-	15,000,000	_	_	15,000,000
Interfund transfers in	_	, , , <u>-</u>	6,368,588	23,595	6,392,183
Interfund transfers (out)	(52,475	) (6,339,708)	-	-	(6,392,183)
Total other financing		, (2,222,			(2,22, , 22)
sources (uses)	(14,352	) 8,660,292	6,368,588	23,595	15,038,123
Net change in	,		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
fund balance	(5,243,539	) 15,993,526	1,857	602,435	11,354,279
idiid balalioo	(0,240,000	, 10,000,020	1,007	502,400	11,007,213
Fund balances, beginning of year	12,313,088	8,839,279	346,134	2,682,893	24,181,394
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,069,549		\$ 347,991	\$ 3,285,328	\$ 35,535,673
		<del></del>	-		

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 11,354,279
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:		
Capital outlay	6,709,614	(4.004.040)
Depreciation expense	(7,914,263)	(1,204,649)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Gain on sale of capital assets		(38,123) 38,123
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Statewide sales and services tax Grants	(1,277,075) 719,894	(557,181)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayments of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Current year items are as follows:  Principal repayments Issuance of long-term debt	7,875,000 (15,000,000)	
Amortization of premiums  IT subscription obligation payments	740,826 28,207	
Lease repayments	124,438	(6,231,529)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues,		00.044
regardless of when it is due.		28,214
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Change in compensated absences Change in termination benefits Change in pension expense and related deferrals	82,990 (665,000) 6,350,380	
Change in OPEB expense and related deferrals	(380,440)	5,387,930
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 8,777,064

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise
	Funds
Assets	
Current:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,620,293
Accounts receivable	772
Inventories	19,011
Total current assets	3,640,076
Noncurrent:	
Capital assets, net of	
accumulated depreciation	825,140
Total noncurrent assets	825,140
Total assets	4,465,216
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
OPEB related deferred outflows	24,139
Pension related deferred outflows	298,870
Total deferred outflows of resources	323,009
Liabilities	
Current:	
Accounts payable	3,909
Salaries and benefits payable	76,775
IT subscription obligation	3,227
Unearned revenue  Total current liabilities	116,037
Noncurrent:	199,948_
Net pension liability	934,659
Net OPEB liability	120,029
IT subscription obligation	3,304
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,057,992
Total liabilities	1,257,940
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
OPEB related deferred inflows	20,892
Pension related deferred inflows	80,849
Total deferred inflows of resources	101,741
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	825,140
Unrestricted	2,603,404
Total net position	\$ 3,428,544

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:  Local sources, charges for services	\$ 2,570,382
Total operating revenues	2,570,382
Operating expenses: Non-instructional programs: Food service:	
Salaries	1,834,053
Benefits	151,826
Services	3,909
Supplies	1,860,088
Depreciation	127,847
Other	20,053
Total food service	3,997,776
Other enterprise Community service:	35,497
Salaries	243,512
Benefits	21,597
Services	15,517
Supplies	57,825
Total community service	356,361
Total operating expenses	4,389,634
Operating (loss)	(1,819,252)
Nonoperating revenues:	
State sources	24,794
Federal sources	2,328,831
Interest on investments	35,590
Total nonoperating revenues	2,389,215
Change in net position	569,963
Net position, beginning of year	2,858,581
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,428,544
	<del></del>

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise
	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from food service sales	\$ 2,076,956
Cash received from aquatic center operations	415,817
Cash received from ROAR store operations	35,668
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,412,277)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(1,566,702)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(1,450,538)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
State grants received	24,794
Federal grants received	1,888,650
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,913,444
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(7,910)
Principal payment on IT subscription obligations	(3,383)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(11,293)
Cash flows from investing activities,	
interest on investments	35,590
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	487,203
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	3,133,090 \$ 3,620,293
See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.	

# Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash	
(used in) operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (1,819,252)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash	
(used in) operating activities:	
Commodities consumed	440,181
Depreciation	127,847
Decrease in inventories	2,077
Decrease in accounts receivable	9,341
Increase in accounts payable	1,839
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	592
Increase in OPEB liability and related deferrals	10,316
(Decrease) in net pension liability and related deferrals	(172,197)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(51,282)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (1,450,538)

Noncash from noncapital financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District used \$440,181 of federal commodities.

Noncash from capital and related financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District acquired an intangible right to use subscription asset and IT subscription liability of \$9,914.



Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Linn-Mar Community School District is a political subdivision of the state of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and special education pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District operates or sponsors various adult education programs. The geographic area served includes the City of Marion, Iowa, portions of the Cities of Robins and Cedar Rapids and portions of the agricultural territory in Linn County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Reporting entity:

For financial reporting purposes, Linn-Mar Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Linn-Mar Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly governed organizations</u>: The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Linn County Assessors' Conference Board.

#### Basis of presentation:

<u>District-wide financial statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation plus unspent bond proceeds and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement to those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customer or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. The District does not have any fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts as well as the nonmajor enterprise funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Management Levy Fund is used to account for the payment of property and insurance as well as early retirement incentive obligations owed by the District to retirees from prior fiscal years.

The Student Activity Fund is utilized to account for the various student run organizations and athletic accounts operating within the District.

The Public Education and Recreation Levy Fund is utilized to account for the resources used to establish and maintain public recreation places and playgrounds and necessary accommodations for children and adults.

Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position, and cash flows. The District has one proprietary fund type. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operate in a manner similar to private businesses or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports nonmajor enterprise funds. The District's nonmajor enterprise funds include the School Nutrition Fund, the Aquatic Center Fund, and the ROAR Store Fund. The School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District. The Aquatic Center Fund is used to account for the operations of the District's pool activities. The ROAR Store Fund is used to account for student store operations of the District.

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The District-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and lease obligations are reported as other financing sources.

Under term of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity:

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>pooled investments and cash equivalents</u>: The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and, at the day of purchase, have maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property tax receivable</u>: Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 1/2 % per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2021 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2022.

<u>Intergovernmental receivables</u>: Intergovernmental receivables represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u>: Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and governmental commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, machinery, equipment and intangibles acquired after July 1, 1980 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and established useful lives in excess of two years.

Right-to-use leased assets are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs to place the assets in service. Subsequently, the leased assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the life of the lease or estimated useful life of the asset.

Asset Class	Amount	
Land	\$	5,000
Buildings		5,000
Improvements other than buildings		5,000
Intangibles		175,000
Machinery and equipment:		
School Nutrition Fund equipment		500
Other furniture and equipment		5,000

Land is not depreciated. Buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment and intangibles, if any, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated

	Louinated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Intangibles	5 - 20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future year(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and other postemployment benefit expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Pensions:</u> For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the lowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Salaries and benefits payable</u>: Payroll and related expenditures for contracts corresponding to the current school year, which is payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources:</u> Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future year(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds consists of property tax, grants, and lease.

Deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied, leases, and the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense or other postemployment benefit expense.

<u>Unearned revenue</u>: Proprietary funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. Unearned revenues are monies collected for meals that have not yet been served.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2023. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Leases:</u> The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial costs to place the asset in service. Subsequently ,the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

<u>Lessor</u>: The District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a building space and farmland. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of the resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- · The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

<u>Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA):</u> The District has entered into contracts that convey control of the right to use information technology software. The District has recognized IT subscription liabilities and intangible right-to-use IT subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of the IT subscription term, the District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the IT subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The right-to-use an IT subscription asset is initially measured as the sum of the initial IT subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus capitalization implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the right-to-use IT subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to IT subscription arrangements include how the District determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, term and payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the IT subscription vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

The IT subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its IT subscription and will remeasure the right-to-use IT subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Right-to-use IT subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and IT subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

<u>Long-term liabilities</u>: In the District-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

Fund equity: In the governmental fund financial statements fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned: Amounts are not available for appropriation but are set aside for specific purposes in the District's General Fund. The District's Board of Directors authorizes the Chief Executive Officer to assign General Fund balance amounts pursuant to Board Policy 801.4.

Unassigned: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications as well as any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to fist apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less restrictive classifications- assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net Position: In proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent bond proceeds of \$14,065,498. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net position restricted by enabling legislation as of June 30, 2023 consists of \$446,035 for categorical funding, \$2,308,569 for management levy purposes, \$4,559,680 for physical plant and equipment levy, \$6,207,627 for school infrastructure, \$854,020 for other special revenue purposes and \$347,991 for debt service.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Net position flow assumption: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Transactions among District funds would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the District and are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expected, are separately reported in the respective fund's operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

#### **Budgets and budgetary control:**

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information based on the program structure of four functional areas as required by state statute for its legally adopted budget.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the District's Board of Education annually adopts a single district-wide budget and approves the related appropriations following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The budgets and related appropriations as well as the financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis or accrual basis of accounting. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of disbursements known as functional areas, not by fund. These four functional areas are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. The Code of lowa also provides that District disbursements in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. In accordance with the Statutes of the State of Iowa, prior to March 15, the Board Secretary submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures or expenses and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the proceeding years. This budget is submitted in summary form, with an administrative control. The legal level of control for the detailed budget is at functional area level.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 2. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are required to be conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to April 15, the budget is legally enacted through certification by the County Auditor.
- 4. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any functional area; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures or expenses of any functional are must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. The Board of Education may amend the budget during the year without approval of the Board of Education.
- 6. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. The budget cannot be amended without the approval of the Board of Education.
- 8. Unexpected budgetary balances lapse at June 30 and are not available to finance expenditures or expenses of the following year.

During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District exceeded budgeted expenditures in the instruction function.

#### Note 3. Cash and Pooled Investments

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Interest rate risk: The District's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the District and must also conform to any loan covenant investment maturity restrictions. The maturity of the District's position in an external investment pool is based on the average maturity of the pool's investments.

At June 30, 2023 the District had investments in the Iowa School Joint Investment Trust (ISJIT) Diversified Fund which is valued at amortized costs of \$3,054,201 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals of the ISJIT investments.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization (Standard and Poor's and Moody Investor Services). The District's investment policy does not formally address credit risk.

The investment in the Iowa School Joint Investment was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services.

Concentration of credit risk: The District's investment policy seeks diversification to reduce overall portfolio risk while attaining market rates of return to enable the District to meet its anticipated cash requirements. The District does not have a policy specific to concentration of credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the District had no investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 3. Cash and Pooled Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that in in the possession of another party. It is the District's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. Chapter 12C of the Code of lowa requires all District funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized.

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2023 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This Chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure that there will be no loss of public funds. The District's investments are held in the name of the District and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments is comprised of \$14,492,349 for capital projects.

#### Note 4. Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Transfer To	Transfer From	Amount		
Nonmajor fund, Student Activity Fund	General Fund	\$	23,595	
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund		6,339,708	
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		28,880	
		\$	6,392,183	

The transfer from the General Fund to the Student Activity Fund was to repay the Student Activity Fund for safety equipment purchased during the year as approved by the Board of Education.

The transfer from the Capital Projects to the Debt Service Fund was for repayment of principal and interest on the District's revenue bond indebtedness as well as for general obligation bond debt relief and capital loan note indebtedness.

The transfer from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund was for repayment of principal and interest on the District's subscription based information technology arrangements.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	(	Restated) Balance						
		Beginning					-	Balance End
		of Year		Increases	П	ecreases		of Year
Governmental activities:		01 1001		moreacce				01 1001
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	8,499,293	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,499,293
Construction in progress	·	1,429,798	·	2,935,306	·	1,384,755	·	2,980,349
Total capital assets not		, ,						
being depreciated		9,929,091		2,935,306		1,384,755		11,479,642
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized								
Buildings	2	236,707,697		1,366,183		_		238,073,880
Right to use lease building	-	554,952		-		_		554,952
Land improvements		25,151,978		2,673,411		-		27,825,389
Machinery and equipment		15,566,329		1,113,169		430,817		16,248,681
Intangible right to use lease equipment		291,051		-		-		291,051
Intangible right to use subscription asset		84,747		6,300		_		91,047
Total capital assets being				·				
depreciated/amortized	2	278,356,754		5,159,063		430,817		283,085,000
Less accumulated depreciation and								
amortization for:								
Buildings		59,508,434		5,371,259		-		64,879,693
Right to use lease building		178,980		69,791		-		248,771
Land improvements		12,432,119		1,360,722		-		13,792,841
Machinery and equipment		10,482,620		1,024,459		430,817		11,076,262
Intangible right to use lease equipment		172,185		59,433		-		231,618
Intangible right to use subscription asset		43,550		28,599		-		72,149
Total accumulated depreciation								
and amortization		82,817,888		7,914,263		430,817		90,301,334
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		195,538,866		(2,755,200)		-		192,783,666
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$ 2	205,467,957	\$	180,106	\$	1,384,755	\$	204,263,308
		,,		,		1,001,100		
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:								
Machinery and equipment	\$	2,647,579	\$	7,910	\$	-	\$	2,655,489
Intangible right to use subscription asset		-		9,914		-		9,914
Total capital assets being								,
depreciated/amortized		2,647,579		17,824		-		2,665,403
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:								
Machinery and equipment		1,712,416		127,021		-		1,839,437
Intangible right to use subscription asset		_		826		-		826
Total accumulated depreciation								
and amortization		1,712,416		127,847		-		1,840,263
Business-type activities capital	_	005.405	_	(440.000)	<b>.</b>		_	00= 446
assets, net	\$	935,163	\$	(110,023)	\$	-	\$	825,140

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged by the District to the following functions:

#### Governmental activities:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 244,702
Special	3,228
Other	154,957
Support services:	
Administration	19,370
Operation and maintenance of plant	223,396
Transportation	639,999
Unallocated depreciation	6,628,611
Total governmental activities depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 7,914,263
Business-type activities, food service operations	\$ 127,847

# Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	(Restated) Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	I	Balance End of Year	I	Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 66,965,000	\$ -	\$ 3,160,000	\$	63,805,000	\$	3,110,000
Premiums on GO bonds	6,229,807	-	740,826		5,488,981		-
Revenue bonds	39,280,000	-	3,555,000		35,725,000		3,710,000
Compensated absences	107,444	24,454	107,444		24,454		24,454
Net pension liability	921,383	28,954,099	-		29,875,482		-
Net OPEB liability	4,109,826	339,086	-		4,448,912		-
Termination benefits	-	665,000	-		665,000		332,500
Lease obligations	508,308	-	124,438		383,870		126,313
IT subscription liability	28,207	-	28,207		-		-
Direct borrowings and direct							
placements:							
Revenue bonds	-	15,000,000	-		15,000,000		2,100,000
Capital loan notes	3,555,000	-	1,160,000		2,395,000		1,185,000
Total	\$ 121,704,975	\$ 44,982,639	\$ 8,875,915	\$	157,811,699	\$	10,588,267
	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	ı	Balance End of Year	ı	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities							
Net pension liability	\$ 149,544	\$ 785,115	\$ -	\$	934,659	\$	-
Net OPEB liability	110,834	9,195	-		120,029		-
IT subscription liability	-	9,914	3,383		6,531		3,227
Total	\$ 260,378	\$ 804,224	\$ 3,383	\$	1,061,219	\$	3,227

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements** Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)** Note 6.

Compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability are generally liquidated from the General Fund for governmental activities and the respective enterprise fund for business-type activities.

Termination benefits: The District offered a voluntary early retirement plan to its non-administrative, licensed personnel employees during the year ended June 30, 2023. Eligible employees had to be a .5 to 1.0 full-time equivalent, be at least age fifty-five and must have completed twenty years of service in a position requiring licensure of which ten years were for the District. Employees were required to submit a written notification of intent to the Board of Education.

The early retirement incentive for each eligible employee was equal to \$35,000 for full-time personnel and prorated for less than 1.0 full-time equivalent personnel. Employees could also elect to continue participation in the District's group health insurance plan until age 65 or until insurance is acquired elsewhere. Their participation was at the employee's expense. The District approved 19 employees for early retirement for a total liability of \$665,000 in early retirement benefits to retirees during fiscal year 2023. The benefit will be paid in two installments of \$332,500 on July 1, 2023 and \$332,500 on July 1, 2024.

General obligation bonds: As of June 30, 2023, the District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$63,805,000 which had been issued for capital facility construction/building improvement purposes. The general obligation bonds will be paid with property taxes collected in the Debt Service Fund. Details of the District's June 30, 2023 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year		M	larch 8, 2017		[	Dece	ember 20, 201	8	
Ending	Interest				Interest				
June 30	Rate		Principal	Interest	Rate		Principal		Interest
2024	5.00	\$	770,000	\$ 38,500	3.50	\$	-	\$	358,250
2025			-	-	3.50		-		358,250
2026			-	-	3.50		-		358,250
2027			-	-	3.50		-		358,250
2028			-	-	3.50		-		358,250
2029-2033			-	-	3.50		1,000,000		1,791,250
2034-2038			-	-	3.50-3.75		9,000,000		1,067,625
Total		\$	770,000	\$ 38,500		\$	10,000,000	\$	4,650,125
Year _		J	uly 23, 2019				Total		
Ending	Interest								_
June 30	Rate		Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	5.00	\$	2,340,000	\$ 1,921,150	\$ 3,110,000	\$	2,317,900	\$	5,427,900
2025	5.00		3,270,000	1,804,150	3,270,000		2,162,400		5,432,400
2026	5.00		3,430,000	1,640,650	3,430,000		1,998,900		5,428,900
2027	5.00		3,605,000	1,469,150	3,605,000		1,827,400		5,432,400
2028	4.00		3,785,000	1,288,900	3,785,000		1,647,150		5,432,150
2029-2033	3.00-4.00		20,050,000	4,306,700	21,050,000		6,097,950		27,147,950
2034-2038	3.00		15,555,000	1,524,000	24,555,000		2,591,625		27,146,625
2039	3.00		1,000,000	30,000	1,000,000		30,000		1,030,000
Total		\$	53,035,000	\$ 13,984,700	\$ 63,805,000	\$	18,673,325	\$	82,478,325
			·				·		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Revenue bonds: As of June 30, 2023, the District had statewide sales, services and use tax bonds of \$50,725,000, which had been issued for capital facility construction/building improvement projects. These bonds will be paid with statewide sales, services and use tax revenues collected in the Capital Projects: Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Account. Details of the District's June 30, 2023 statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year		Α	ugust 24, 202	1			Jı	ıne 22, 2022	
Ending	Interest					Interest			
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest	Rate		Principal	Interest
2024	5.00	\$	1,805,000	\$	577,988	5.00	\$	1,905,000	\$ 647,750
2025	5.00		1,880,000		487,738	5.00		2,000,000	552,500
2026	5.00		1,960,000		393,738	5.00		2,100,000	452,500
2027	3.00		2,025,000		295,738	5.00		2,205,000	347,500
2028	1.25		1,990,000		234,988	5.00		2,315,000	237,250
2029-2033	0.25-2.00		10,795,000		802,500	5.00		2,430,000	121,500
2034-2038	2.00		2,315,000		46,300			-	_
Total		\$	22,770,000	\$	2,838,990		\$	12,955,000	\$ 2,359,000
		Di	rect Placemer	nt					-
Year		Ν	larch 21, 2023	3				Total	
Ending	Interest				_				
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Total
2024	4.42	\$	2,100,000	\$	847,167	\$ 5,810,000	\$	2,072,905	\$ 7,882,905
2025	4.42		100,000		570,180	3,980,000		1,610,418	5,590,418
2026	4.42		100,000		565,760	4,160,000		1,411,998	5,571,998
2027	4.42		100,000		561,340	4,330,000		1,204,578	5,534,578
2028	4.42		230,000		556,920	4,535,000		1,029,158	5,564,158
2029-2033	4.42		5,935,000		2,324,260	19,160,000		3,248,260	22,408,260
2034-2038	4.42		4,180,000		976,824	6,495,000		1,023,124	7,518,124
2039-2041	4.42		2,255,000		202,218	2,255,000		202,218	2,457,218
Total		\$	15,000,000	\$	6,604,669	\$ 50,725,000	\$	11,802,659	\$ 62,527,659

On August 24, 2021, the District issued \$26,865,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services & Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021. The bonds were issued to current refund \$6,990,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2012, \$6,220,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2013, \$2,105,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2014E, and \$14,410,000 School Infrastructures Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2020. The Series 2021 bonds interest rates range from 0.25 percent to 5.0 percent with interest payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 commencing January 1, 2022. Principal is payable each July 1 ranging from \$1,760,000 to \$2,315,000 commencing July 1, 2022 until maturity on July 1, 2034. The District refunded the Series 2012, Series 2013, Series 2014E, and Series 2020 bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next thirteen years by \$1,813,551 and to obtain an economic gain of \$1,679,914.

On June 22, 2022, the District issued \$14,750,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services & Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2022. The bonds were issued to current refund \$12,220,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2010 and \$5,345,000 School Infrastructure Sales Services and Use Tax Bonds Series 2015. The Series 2022 bonds have a 5 percent rate and require semi-annual interest payments on January 1 and July 1 commencing January 1, 2023. Principal is payable each July 1 ranging from \$1,795,000 to \$2,430,000 commencing July 1, 2023 until maturity on July 1, 2029. The District refunded the Series 2010 and Series 2015 bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next seven years by \$608,198 and to obtain an economic gain of \$657,091.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Direct borrowings Revenue bonds</u>: On March 21, 2023, the District issued \$15,000,000 Series 2023 School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2023. The bonds were issued to construct, furnish and equip a new Learning Resource Center. The bonds require annual principal payments each July 1 commencing July 1, 2024, ranging from \$100,000 to \$2,100,000, until maturity on July 1, 2041. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.420 percent. Interest is due each July 1 and December 1 commencing January 1, 2024. The revenue bonds are collateralized by the Learning Resource Center project.

The District has pledged future statewide sales, services and use tax revenues to repay the revenue bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of several ongoing projects or to refund prior year revenue bond issuances. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through fiscal year 2041. The bonds are not general obligations of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 76 percent of the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$62,527,659.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, principal of \$3,555,000 and interest of \$1,421,926 was paid on the revenues bonds. Statewide Sales and Use Tax revenues were \$10.379.010.

The resolution providing for the issuance of statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- 1. Deposits are to be made into a sinking fund in equal monthly installments sufficient to pay the principal and interest due each year. On June 30, 2023, the Debt Service Fund has \$330,487 in cash and pooled investments.
- 2. All proceeds from the statewide sales, services and use tax will be retained by the District in District bank accounts and be disbursed to the proper paying agents at the time principal and interest payments are due.

<u>Direct borrowings Capital loan note</u>: As of June 30, 2023, the District had capital loan notes outstanding of \$2,395,000 which was issued for capital facility construction/improvements during fiscal year 2016. The capital loan notes will be paid with property taxes collected in the Capital Projects Fund: Physical Plant, and Equipment Levy Account. Details of the District's June 30, 2023 capital loan noted indebtedness is as follows:

	Direct Borrowings								
	Capital Loan Note								
Year	January 7, 2016								
Ending	Interest						_		
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	1.95	\$	1,185,000	\$	46,703	\$	1,231,703		
2025	1.95		1,210,000		23,595		1,233,595		
Total		\$	2,395,000	\$	70,298	\$	2,465,298		

Capital Loan Notes are collateralized by the high school project.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Lease Obligations:</u> The District has entered into leases for equipment and buildings. The leases expire between June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2030. Details of the leases are as follows:

	Culver Storage Building						Success Center Building				g	
Year ending June 30:	P	rincipal		Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	28,147	\$	353	\$	28,500	\$	36,500	\$	5,500	\$	42,000
2025		2,371		4		2,375		39,355		4,745		44,100
2026		-		-		-		40,150		3,140		43,290
2027		-		-		-		40,960		3,140		44,100
2028								44,013		2,292		46,305
2029-2030		-		-				90,708		1,902		92,610
Total	\$	30,518	\$	357	\$	30,875	\$	291,686	\$	20,719	\$	312,405
	2019 DeLage Equipment 2020 DeLage Equipment										nt	
Year ending June 30:	P	rincipal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	55,378	\$	602	\$	55,980	\$	6,288	\$	68	\$	6,356
Total	\$	55,378	\$	602	\$	55,980	\$	6,288	\$	68	\$	6,356

	Total							
Year ending June 30:	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
2024		126,313		6,523		132,836		
2025		41,726		4,749		46,475		
2026		40,150		3,140		43,290		
2027		40,960		3,140		44,100		
2028		44,013		2,292		46,305		
2029-2030		90,708		1,902		92,610		
Total	\$	383,870	\$	21,746	\$	405,616		

<u>Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA):</u> The District has entered into arrangements for information technology. The arrangements expire between June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2025 and are obligations of the District's Nonmajor Enterprise Fund, School Nutrition. Details of the arrangement are as follows:

	Nutrislice					
Year ending June 30:		Principal		Interest		Total
2024		3,227		156		3,383
2025		3,304		78		3,382
Total	\$	6,531	\$	234	\$	6,765

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Legal debt margin</u>: The June 30, 2023 debt outstanding by the District did not exceed its legal debt margin computed as follows:

Total assessed valuation	\$ 4,138,060,271
Debt limit, 5% of total assessed valuation	206,903,014
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	
Bonded debt	63,805,000
Capital loan note	2,395,000
Lease obligations	 383,870
Excess of debt limit over bonded debt	\$ 140,319,144

#### Note 7. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by lowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <a href="https://www.ipers.org">www.ipers.org</a>.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2023, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29 percent of covered payroll and the District contributed 9.44 percent of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73 percent.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$6,481,493.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$30,810,141 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.815483 percent, which was an increase of 1.125693 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense (income) of (\$41,084). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources of Resou			Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,365,811	\$	422,031	
Changes of assumptions		61,404		35,998	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		3,298,127	
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,195,585		270,636	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,481,493			
Total	\$	9,104,293	\$	4,026,792	

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

\$6,481,493 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Ended	June	30.
------	-------	------	-----

2024	\$ (2,622,991
2025	(2,017,814
2026	(3,797,068
2027	6,921,991
2028	111,890
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,403,992

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Salary Increases	3.25 percent to 16.25 percent average, including
(effective June 30, 2017)	inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, compounded annually, net of
(effective June 30, 2017)	investment expense, including inflation
Wage growth	3.25 percent per annum, based on 2.60 percent
(effective June 30, 2017)	inflation and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of a quadrennial experience study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021. Mortality rates used in the 2022 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	3.57%
International equity	17.5%	4.79%
Global smart beta equity	6.0%	4.16%
Core plus fixed income	20.0%	1.66%
Public credit	4.0%	3.77%
Cash	1.0%	0.77%
Private equity	13.0%	7.57%
Private real assets	8.5%	3.55%
Private credit	8.0%	3.63%
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 57,402,999	\$ 30,810,141	\$ 7,374,526

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At June 30, 2023, the District reported payables to IPERS of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan description</u>: The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Linn-Mar Community School District Postemployment Plan Other Than Pensions (the Plan), provides postemployment benefits for eligible participants enrolled in its plans. This plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits for eligible employees and retirees and their spouses.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a self-insured 28E organization plan with Metro Interagency Insurance Program. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The full monthly premium rates as of June 30, 2023 for each plan are as shown below:

	PPO	PPO	HMO	HMO
Rate Tier	Premier	Choice	Essential	Basic
Single	\$ 687	\$ 624	\$ 509	\$ 380
Employee + Spouse	1,402	1,277	1,039	778
Employee + Children	1,302	1,186	967	725
Family	2,099	1,911	1,558	1,164

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	25
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	1,026
Total	1,051

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The District's total OPEB liability of \$4,568,941 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023.

<u>Actuarial assumptions and other inputs:</u> The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 roll forward actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00% per annum
Salary increases	3.00% per annum
Discount rate	3.65% per annum
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100%
Health care cost trend rate	6.25%
	The trend rate is reduced by 0.25% each year
	until reaching the ultimate trend rate of 4.00%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index. Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 generational table scaled using MP-2021 and applied on a gender-specific and job class basis. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 roll forward valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010–2021.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal OPEB	Plai	Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB
		Liability	Ne	t Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at July 1, 2022	\$	4,220,660	\$	-	\$	4,220,660
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		374,274		-		374,274
Interest		160,115		-		160,115
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(42,284)		-		(42,284)
Benefit payments		(143,824)		-		(143,824)
Net changes		348,281		-		348,281
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	4,568,941	\$	-	\$	4,568,941

There were no changes as a result of changes in benefit terms. Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% per annum in 2022 to 3.65% per annum in 2023.

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease	Discour	nt Rate	1%	Increase
	(2.65%)	(3.65	5%)	(4	4.65%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,975,000	\$ 4	,568,941	\$	4,197,000

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates:</u> The following presents that total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.25% decreasing	(6.25% decreasing	(7.25% decreasing
	to 3.0%)	to 5.0%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,014,000	\$ 4,568,941	\$ 5,229,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$534,580. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred			eferred)
	Outflows		Inflows	
	of F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	670,851	\$	396,910
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		287,307		408,071
Net difference between projected and actual investments		-		
Total	\$	958,158	\$	804,981

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 191
2025	191
2026	191
2027	191
2028	191
Thereafter	 152,222
Total	\$ 153,177

#### Note 9. Risk Management

The District is a member of a joint venture with five other local government units. The joint venture, the Metro Interagency Insurance Program (MIIP), was incorporated in 1990 under a joint powers agreement in accordance with Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The program provides services necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation and maintenance of an insurance program for employee health and medical claims. MIIP is not intended to function as an insurance company for the participants; rather it is a means of combining the administration of claim and obtaining lower insurance rates from commercial insurance. Although premiums billed to the participants are determined on an actuarial basis, ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective participant and accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to MIIP. In the event that the member withdraws from MIIP, the withdrawn members continues to be responsible for its share of cost arising from events occurring when it was a participating member. If the withdrawn member at any time has a negative equity balance, the withdrawn member is immediately liable and obligated to MIIP for that amount.

The Districts contribute to the self-insurance plan an amount equal to 125% of Wellmark Blue Cross/Blue Shield projections of the rating period. The fund reinsures for stop-loss insurance for claims in excess of \$250,000 per year per individual. An insurance carrier is paid an administrative fee to process the claims.

At June 30, 2023, the District is an active member of MIIP and has a positive equity balance of \$7,442,073. The total premium paid into the plan by all six members from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 was approximately \$46,651,000 of which \$8,562,520 was paid by Linn-Mar Community School District.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 9. Risk Management

MIIP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to Metro Interagency Insurance Program, 1120 33<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, SW, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 52404.

In addition, the District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

#### Note 10. Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$3,756,855 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and is recorded in the General Fund.

#### Note 11. Categorical Funding

The District's restricted fund balance for categorical funding at June 30, 2023 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	Amount
Teacher leadership	\$ 174,445
Professional development	199,101
Four year old preschool	72,489
Total	\$ 446,035

#### Note 12. Construction Commitments

The District has entered into contracts totaling \$15,583,959 for various construction projects throughout the District. As of June 30, 2023, costs of \$2,317,823 had been incurred against these contracts. The remaining balance of \$13,266,136 at June 30, 2023 will be paid as work on the projects progresses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 13. Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments. Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2023 under tax abatement agreements of other entities:

	Tax Abatement	Α	mount of
Entity	Program	Ta	ax Abated
City of Marion	Urban renewal and economic		
	development projects	\$	409,595
City of Cedar Rapids	Urban renewal and economic		
	development projects		326,234

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, this reimbursement amounted to \$276,878.

#### Note 14. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The District adopted the following statements during the year ended June 30, 2023:

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, issued May 2019. This Statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements association with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This Statement requires issuers to disclose general information about their conduit debt obligations organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' conduit debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. Issuers that recognize liabilities related to supporting the debt service of conduit debt obligations also should disclose information about the amount recognized and how the liabilities changed during the reporting period.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, issued March 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 14. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, issued May 2020. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement 1) defines a SBITA; 2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription assets- an intangible asset- and a corresponding subscription liability; 3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and 4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, issued April 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

Other than the restatement for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 as discussed in Note 15, the implementation of the above statements did not have a material impact on the District's Financial Statements.

As of June 30, 2023, GASB had issued several statements not yet required to be implemented by the District. The Statements which might impact the District are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections- An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, issued June 2022, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, issued June 2022, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This Statement amends the existing requirements to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (As long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 15. Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*, was implemented during fiscal year 2023. The new requirements require the reporting of certain right-to-use subscription-based IT arrangements and liabilities which were previously not reported. The beginning net position was restated as follows:

0--------

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Net position June 30, 2022 as previously reported	\$	78,539,120
Right to use subscription asset		84,747
Right to use subscription asset accumulated amortization		(43,550)
Subscription liability		(28,207)
Net position June 30, 2022 as restated	\$	78,552,110

#### Note 16. Subsequent Event

On November 20, 2023, the Board of Education approved a resolution supporting a proposal to issue \$33,000,000 School Infrastructure Sales, Services, and Use Tax Revenue Bonds for use in the construction and furnishing of the new Performance Center.





# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



# **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Enterprise Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	overnmental unds - Actual	Enterprise ind - Actual	Total Actual		
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	53,046,382	\$ 2,605,972	\$	55,652,354	
State sources		66,753,192	24,794		66,777,986	
Federal sources		4,965,445	2,328,831		7,294,276	
Total revenues		124,765,019	4,959,597		129,724,616	
Expenditures/expenses:						
Instruction		71,976,820	-		71,976,820	
Support services		34,183,552	-		34,183,552	
Non-instructional programs		98,611	4,389,634		4,488,245	
Other expenditures		22,189,880	-		22,189,880	
Total expenditures		128,448,863	4,389,634		132,838,497	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(3,683,844)	569,963		(3,113,881)	
Total other financing sources, net		15,038,123	-		15,038,123	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over		44.054.070	500.000		44.004.040	
(under) expenditures		11,354,279	569,963		11,924,242	
Balance, beginning of year		24,181,394	2,858,581		27,039,975	
Balance, end of year	\$	35,535,673	\$ 3,428,544	\$	38,964,217	

 Budgeted	Am	nounts	Final to Actual			
Original		Final		Variance		
\$ 63,495,211	\$	63,495,211	\$	(7,842,857)		
56,768,002		56,768,002		10,009,984		
 6,175,000		6,175,000		1,119,276		
126,438,213		126,438,213		3,286,403		
70,815,000		71,948,391		(28,429)		
33,612,000		34,352,035		168,483		
5,035,000		5,332,002		843,757		
23,070,282		24,252,602		2,062,722		
132,532,282		135,885,030		3,046,533		
 (6,094,069)		(9,446,817)		6,332,936		
				-		
 20,000		20,000		15,018,123		
\$ (6,074,069)	\$	(9,426,817)	\$	21,351,059		

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years

Takal ODED Kalakika	 2023	2022
Total OPEB liability		
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$ 374,274	\$ 372,361
Interest	160,115	82,395
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	759,815
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(42,284)	(379,407)
Benefit payments	(143,824)	(113,337)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	348,281	721,827
Total OPEB liability - beginning	4,220,660	3,498,833
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 4,568,941	\$ 4,220,660
Covered employee payroll	\$ 53,908,000	\$ 52,337,492
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	8%	8%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes as a result of changes in benefit terms.

#### Changes of assumption:

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate.

The following are the discount rates used in each period.

3.65% 3.54%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75

Note: The schedule is intended to present information for ten years.

Information prior to 2018 is not available.

	2021	2020	2019	2018
\$	361,772	\$ 287,498	\$ 278,769	\$ 268,383
	76,313	116,898	114,169	106,335
	-	-	-	-
	-	(607,860)	-	-
	15,284	338,044	98,643	(70,450)
	(91,702)	(99,730)	(121,214)	(103,611)
	361,667	34,850	370,367	200,657
	3,137,166	3,102,316	2,731,949	2,531,292
\$	3,498,833	\$ 3,137,166	\$ 3,102,316	\$ 2,731,949
\$	50,788,000	\$ 49,308,809	\$ 46,570,000	\$ 44,995,142
	70/	00/	70/	00/
	7%	6%	7%	6%
	0.460/	2 240/	3 E00/	2 070/
	2.16%	2.21%	3.50%	3.87%

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2023*	2022*	2021*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.815483%	-0.310210%	0.747224%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,810,141 \$	1,070,927 \$	52,490,498
District's covered payroll	\$ 65,769,488 \$	62,056,614 \$	59,365,114
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its employee covered payroll	46.85%	1.73%	88.42%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.40%	100.81%	82.90%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year

Note: The schedule is intended to present information for ten years. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
0.767621%	0.748404%	0.730830%	0.728902%	0.717733%	0.689442%
\$ 44,450,304 \$	47,360,843 \$	48,682,515 \$	45,872,128 \$	35,459,499 \$	27,342,634
\$ 58,391,459 \$	56,337,809 \$	54,605,986 \$	52,340,257 \$	49,198,902 \$	45,121,232
76.12%	84.07%	89.15%	87.64%	72.07%	60.61%
85.45%	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 6,481,493	\$ 6,197,344	\$ 5,852,268	\$ 5,604,066
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(6,481,493)	(6,197,344)	(5,852,268)	(5,604,066)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 68,768,117	\$ 65,769,488	\$ 62,056,614	\$ 59,365,114
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.43%	9.42%	9.43%	9.44%

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 5,512,154	\$ 5,030,968	\$ 4,876,316	\$ 4,673,985	\$ 4,393,462	\$ 4,029,326
 (5,512,154)	(5,030,968)	(4,876,316)	(4,673,985)	(4,393,462)	(4,029,326)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
\$ 58,391,459	\$ 56,337,809	\$ 54,605,986	\$ 52,340,257	\$ 49,198,902	\$ 45,121,232
9.44%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%



#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Information

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except internal service, private-purpose trust and agency funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the accrual basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes or expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of lowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the fiscal year, the District adopted one budget amendment increasing budgeted expenditures by \$3,352,748. The District exceeded budgeted expenditures in the instruction function.

#### Note 2. Pension Liability

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

#### Changes of assumptions:

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members.
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017
- Adjusted retirement rates
- Lowered disability rates
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 2. Pension Liability (Continued)

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per vear.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS BY ACCOUNT



# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue										
					Pu	blic Education					
	M	anagement		Student	an	d Recreation					
		Levy		Activity		Levy		Total			
Assets											
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,302,092	\$	877,457	\$	165,084	\$	3,344,633			
Receivables:											
Property tax:											
Delinquent		7,130		-		1,024		8,154			
Succeeding year		1,499,997		-		340,170		1,840,167			
Due from other governments		-		850		-		850			
Accounts		-		2,881		-		2,881			
Prepaid items		-		1,243		-		1,243			
Total assets	\$	3,809,219	\$	882,431	\$	506,278	\$	5,197,928			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows											
of Resources, and											
Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	653	\$	15,784	\$	38,767	\$	55,204			
Salaries and benefits payable		-		12,627		4,602		17,229			
Total liabilities		653		28,411		43,369		72,433			
Deferred inflows of resources,											
unavailable revenue:											
Succeeding year property tax		1,499,997		-		340,170		1,840,167			
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		-		1,243		-		1,243			
Restricted for:											
Management levy purposes		2,308,569		-		-		2,308,569			
Student activities		-		852,777		-		852,777			
Public education and recreation											
levy purposes		-		-		122,739		122,739			
Total fund balances		2,308,569		854,020		122,739		3,285,328			
Total liabilities, deferred											
inflows of resources											
and fund balances	\$	3,809,219	\$	882,431	\$	506,278	\$	5,197,928			

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
					Pub	lic Education				
	M	anagement		Student	and	l Recreation				
		Levy		Activity		Levy		Total		
Revenues:										
Local sources:										
Property tax	\$	2,270,215	\$	-	\$	326,031	5	2,596,246		
Utility excise tax		9,643		-		1,385		11,028		
Other tax		5,472		-		786		6,258		
Other		15,286		1,247,101		18,664		1,281,051		
State sources		497		-		71		568		
Total revenues		2,301,113		1,247,101		346,937		3,895,151		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular		170,347		1,221,394		-		1,391,741		
Support services:										
Student		10,752		-		-		10,752		
Instructional staff		18,849		_		-		18,849		
Administration services		43,958		_		-		43,958		
Operation and maintenance										
of plant services		947,941		_		47,059		995,000		
Student transportation		182,190		_		-		182,190		
Non-instructional programs:										
Food service operations		61,586		-		-		61,586		
Community service operations		-		-		37,025		37,025		
Capital outlay		-		-		575,210		575,210		
Total expenditures		1,435,623		1,221,394		659,294		3,316,311		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		865,490		25,707		(312,357)		578,840		
Other financing sources,										
transfers in		-		23,595		-		23,595		
Net change in fund balances		865,490		49,302		(312,357)		602,435		
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,443,079		804,718		435,096		2,682,893		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,308,569	\$	854,020	\$	122,739	5	3,285,328		

# Schedule of Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Fund - By Account June 30, 2023

		Capita	nts					
				Physical			•	
	;	Statewide		Plant and				
	Sal	es, Services		Equipment	(	Other Capital		
	ar	nd Use Tax		Levy	F	Projects Fund		Total
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	5,134,851	\$	5,736,634	\$	-	\$	10,871,485
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		14,492,349		14,492,349
Receivables:								
Property tax:								
Delinquent		-		13,428		-		13,428
Succeeding year		-		4,385,552		-		4,385,552
Other		-		-		103,665		103,665
Due from other governments		730,519		-		-		730,519
Prepaid expenses		-		25,000		-		25,000
Total assets	\$	5,865,370	\$	10,160,614	\$	14,596,014	\$	30,621,998
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities, accounts payable	\$	123,224	\$	1,215,382	\$	65,035	\$	1,403,641
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue: Succeeding year property tax				4,385,552		_		4,385,552
Total deferred inflows		<del>_</del> _		4,000,002				4,000,002
of resources		-		4,385,552		-		4,385,552
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		25,000		-		25,000
Restricted for:								
School infrastructure		5,742,146		-		14,530,979		20,273,125
Physical plant and equipment		-		4,534,680		-		4,534,680
Total fund balances		5,742,146		4,559,680		14,530,979		24,832,805
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	5,865,370	\$	10,160,614	\$	14,596,014	\$	30,621,998
		, -,	•	,,-	,	,,-	•	, ,

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Capital Projects Fund - By Account

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capita	Capital Projects Fund Accounts									
		Physical		•							
	Statewide	Plant and									
	Sales, Services	Equipment	Other Capital								
	and Use Tax	Levy	Projects Fund	Total							
Revenues:		·	-								
Local sources:											
Property tax	\$ -	\$ 4,270,100	\$ -	\$ 4,270,100							
Utility excise tax	-	17,824	-	17,824							
Other tax	-	9,027	-	9,027							
Other	252,439	132,630	191,821	576,890							
State sources	10,379,010	134,864	-	10,513,874							
Total revenues	10,631,449	4,564,445	191,821	15,387,715							
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Instruction, regular	979,604	2,658	-	982,262							
Support services:											
Instructional staff	58,177	-	-	58,177							
Administration	-	103,953	-	103,953							
Operation and maintenance											
of plant services	6,832	94,672	-	101,504							
Student transportation	-	996,926	-	996,926							
Capital outlay	2,618,450	1,370,636	1,676,130	5,665,216							
Debt service:											
Interest and fiscal charges	1,500	-	144,943	146,443							
Total expenditures	3,664,563	2,568,845	1,821,073	8,054,481							
Excess of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	6,966,886	1,995,600	(1,629,252)	7,333,234							
Other financing (uses):											
Issuance of long-term debt	15,000,000	-	-	15,000,000							
Transfer in	-	-	15,000,000	15,000,000							
Transfers out	(19,976,925)	(1,362,783)	-	(21,339,708)							
Total other financing		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
(uses)	(4,976,925)	(1,362,783)	15,000,000	8,660,292							
Net change in fund balance	1,989,961	632,817	13,370,748	15,993,526							
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,752,185	3,926,863	1,160,231	8,839,279							
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,742,146	\$ 4,559,680	\$ 14,530,979	\$ 24,832,805							



# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS



# Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

		School		Aquatic		ROAR		
	N	utrition		Center		Store		Total
Assets								
Current:	•	0.004.070	•	074 074	•	00.050	•	0.000.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,221,672	\$	371,671	\$	26,950	\$	3,620,293
Accounts receivable		772		-		-		772
Inventories		19,011				-		19,011
Total current assets		3,241,455		371,671		26,950		3,640,076
Noncurrent:								
Capital assets, net of		005 140						90E 140
accumulated depreciation		825,140		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		825,140
Total noncurrent assets		825,140		-		<u> </u>		825,140
Total assets		4,066,595		371,671		26,950		4,465,216
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
OPEB related deferred outflows		23,085		1,054		-		24,139
Pension related deferred outflows		250,268		48,602		-		298,870
		273,353		49,656		-		323,009
Liabilities								
Current:								
Accounts payable		2,860		1,049		-		3,909
Salaries and benefits payable		17,960		58,815		-		76,775
IT subscription obligation		3,227		-		-		3,227
Unearned revenue		116,037		-		-		116,037
Total current liabilities		140,084		59,864		-		199,948
Noncurrent:								
Net pension liability		879,124		55,535		-		934,659
Net OPEB liability		112,333		7,696		-		120,029
IT subscription obligation		3,304		-		-		3,304
Total noncurrent liabilities		994,761		63,231		-		1,057,992
Total liabilities		1,134,845		123,095		-		1,257,940
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
OPEB related deferred inflows		19,515		1,377		-		20,892
Pension related deferred inflows		78,387		2,462		-		80,849
Total deferred inflows		97,902		3,839		-		101,741
Net Position								
Investment in capital assets		825,140		-		-		825,140
Unrestricted .		2,282,061		294,393		26,950		2,603,404
Total net position	\$	3,107,201	\$	294,393	\$	26,950	\$	3,428,544

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	School	Aquatic	ROAR	
	Nutrition	Center	Store	Total
Operating revenues:				
Local sources, charges for services	\$ 2,118,897	\$ 415,817	\$ 35,668	\$ 2,570,382
Total operating revenues	2,118,897	415,817	35,668	2,570,382
Operating expenses:				
Non-instructional programs:				
Food service:				
Salaries	1,834,053	-	-	1,834,053
Benefits	151,826	-	-	151,826
Services	3,909	-	-	3,909
Supplies	1,860,088	-	-	1,860,088
Depreciation/amortization	127,847	-	-	127,847
Other	20,053	-	-	20,053
Total food service	3,997,776	-	-	3,997,776
Other enterprise			35,497	35,497
Community service:				
Salaries	-	243,512	-	243,512
Benefits	-	21,597	-	21,597
Services	-	15,517	-	15,517
Supplies	-	57,825	-	57,825
Other	-	17,910	-	17,910
Total community service	-	356,361	-	356,361
Total operating expenses	3,997,776	356,361	35,497	4,389,634
Operating income (loss)	(1,878,879)	59,456	171	(1,819,252)
Nonoperating revenues:				
State sources	24,794	-	-	24,794
Federal sources	2,328,831	-	-	2,328,831
Interest on investments	35,590	-	-	35,590
Total nonoperating revenues	2,389,215	-	-	2,389,215
Change in net position	510,336	59,456	171	569,963
Net position, beginning of year	2,596,865	234,937	26,779	2,858,581
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,107,201	\$ 294,393	\$ 26,950	\$ 3,428,544

# Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

School Nutrition					
Nutrition   Center   Store   Total		School	Aquatic	ROAR	
Cash received from food service sales         \$ 2,076,956         \$ - \$ 5.         \$ 2,076,956           Cash received from aquatic center operations         415,817         - 415,817         415,817           Cash received from ROAR store operations         - 35,668         35,668         35,668           Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         - (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities         24,794         - (24,794)         -		Nutrition	•	Store	Total
sales         \$ 2,076,956         \$ - \$         \$ 2,076,956           Cash received from aquatic center operations         - 415,817         - 415,817           Cash received from ROAR store operations         3 35,668         35,668           Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         - (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities         24,794         - 2 24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         - 3 1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         - 3 1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         - 3 (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         - 3 (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         - 3 (3,383)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         - 3 (3,383)           Cash flows from investing activities, and cash equivalents         430,434	Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from aquatic center operations         -         415,817         -         415,817           Cash received from ROAR store operations         -         -         35,668         35,668           Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         -         (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (11,293)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments	Cash received from food service				
operations         -         415,817         -         415,817           Cash received from ROAR store operations         -         -         35,668         35,668           Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         -         (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066 <td>sales</td> <td>\$ 2,076,956</td> <td>\$ _</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 2,076,956</td>	sales	\$ 2,076,956	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 2,076,956
Cash received from ROAR store operations         -         -         -         35,668         35,668         35,668         Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         -         (2,412,277)         (3,504)         (1,506,702)         (3,504)         (1,506,702)         (3,504)         (1,506,702)         (3,504)         (1,440,573)         (56,605)         164         (1,450,538)         (1,507,307)         56,605         1,24,794         (2,791,238         (3,133,091)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)         (3,24,794)<	Cash received from aquatic center				
operations         -         -         35,668         35,668           Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         -         (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         1,913,444           Cash gayment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities, interest on investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents, beginning o	operations	-	415,817	-	415,817
Cash payments to employees for services         (2,143,390)         (268,887)         - (2,412,277)           Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         1,913,444           Acquisition of capital assets         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (3,383)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605	Cash received from ROAR store				
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (3,383)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090	operations	-	-	35,668	35,668
goods or services         (1,440,873)         (90,325)         (35,504)         (1,566,702)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238		(2,143,390)	(268,887)	-	(2,412,277)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities   (1,507,307)   56,605   164   (1,450,538)					
Operating activities         (1,507,307)         56,605         164         (1,450,538)           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         24,794         -         -         24,794           State grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090           Cash and cash equivalents,         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	<u> </u>	(1,440,873)	(90,325)	(35,504)	(1,566,702)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:  State grants received 24,794 24,794 Federal grants received 1,888,650 1,888,650  Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 1,913,444 1,913,444  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,					
State grants received   24,794   -   24,794   Federal grants received   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,913,444   -   1,91	operating activities	 (1,507,307)	56,605	164	(1,450,538)
State grants received   24,794   -   24,794   Federal grants received   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,888,650   -   1,913,444   -   1,91					
State grants received         24,794         -         -         24,794           Federal grants received         1,888,650         -         -         1,888,650           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         1,913,444         -         -         1,913,444           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (7,910)         -         -         (7,910)           Principal payment on IT subscription obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090           Cash and cash equivalents,         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090					
Tederal grants received   1,888,650   -   -   1,888,650       Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities   1,913,444   -   -   1,913,444     Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:   Acquisition of capital assets   (7,910)   -   -   (7,910)     Principal payment on IT subscription obligations   (3,383)   -   -   (3,383)     Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities   (11,293)   -   -   (11,293)     Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments   35,590   -   -   35,590     Net increase in cash and cash equivalents   430,434   56,605   164   487,203     Cash and cash equivalents,   beginning of year   2,791,238   315,066   26,786   3,133,090     Cash and cash equivalents,   2,791,238   315,066   26,786   3,133,090		24 704			24 704
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 1,913,444 1,913,444  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	•	,	-	-	•
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	•	 1,000,000			1,000,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,		1.913.444	_	_	1.913.444
activities:  Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,		 .,0.0,			.,0.0,
activities:  Acquisition of capital assets (7,910) (7,910)  Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	Cash flows from capital and related financing				
Principal payment on IT subscription obligations (3,383) (3,383)  Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	activities:				
obligations         (3,383)         -         -         (3,383)           Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities         (11,293)         -         -         (11,293)           Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments         35,590         -         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090           Cash and cash equivalents,	Acquisition of capital assets	(7,910)	-	-	(7,910)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	Principal payment on IT subscription				
related financing activities (11,293) (11,293)  Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments 35,590 35,590  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 430,434 56,605 164 487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090  Cash and cash equivalents,	obligations	(3,383)	-	-	(3,383)
Cash flows from investing activities, interest on investments  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year  Cash and cash equivalents,  Cash and cash equivalents,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090           Cash and cash equivalents,	related financing activities	 (11,293)	-	-	(11,293)
Interest on investments         35,590         -         -         35,590           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         430,434         56,605         164         487,203           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         2,791,238         315,066         26,786         3,133,090           Cash and cash equivalents,	Cook flows from investing activities				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  430,434  56,605  164  487,203  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year  Cash and cash equivalents,  Cash and cash equivalents,	_	25 500			25 500
and cash equivalents       430,434       56,605       164       487,203         Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year       2,791,238       315,066       26,786       3,133,090         Cash and cash equivalents,	interest on investments	 33,390			33,390
and cash equivalents       430,434       56,605       164       487,203         Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year       2,791,238       315,066       26,786       3,133,090         Cash and cash equivalents,	Net increase in cash				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090 Cash and cash equivalents,		430.434	56.605	164	487.203
beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090 Cash and cash equivalents,	4	,	,		,
beginning of year 2,791,238 315,066 26,786 3,133,090 Cash and cash equivalents,	Cash and cash equivalents,				
·	•	2,791,238	315,066	26,786	3,133,090
end of year \$ 3,221,672 \$ 371,671 \$ 26,950 \$ 3,620,293	Cash and cash equivalents,				
	end of year	\$ 3,221,672	\$ 371,671	\$ 26,950	\$ 3,620,293

(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,878,879)	5 59,456 \$	171	\$ (1,819,252)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided by				
(used in) operating activities:				
Commodities consumed	440,181	-	-	440,181
Depreciation/amortization	127,847	-	-	127,847
Decrease in inventories	2,077	-	-	2,077
Decrease in accounts receivable	9,341	-	-	9,341
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	919	927	(7)	1,839
Increase (decrease) in salaries and				
benefits payable	(4,215)	4,807	-	592
Increase in OPEB liability and				
related deferrals	9,769	547	-	10,316
(Decrease) in net pension liability and				
related deferrals	(163,065)	(9,132)	-	(172,197)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(51,282)	-	-	(51,282)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	\$ (1,507,307)	56,605 \$	164	\$ (1,450,538)

Noncash from noncapital financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District used \$440,181 of federal commodities.

Noncash from capital and related financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District acquired an intangible right to use subscription asset and IT subscription liability of \$9,914.





#### Statistical Section

#### (Unaudited)

This part of the Linn-Mar Community School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	75-90
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its property taxes.	91-97
Debt Capacity  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt.	98-103
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	104-109
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about the District's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the District's financial information relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	110-118

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	41,210,373	\$ 48,003,951	\$ 48,606,036	\$ 62,549,123
Restricted		21,066,774	21,066,774	22,710,019	14,982,592
Unrestricted		7,271,405	(23,819,849)	(22,456,176)	(25,221,400)
Total governmental					
activities net position	\$	69,548,552	\$ 45,250,876	\$ 48,859,879	\$ 52,310,315
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	609,640	\$ 603,369	\$ 541,797	\$ 742,173
Unrestricted		1,164,312	562,343	715,536	421,375
Total business-type		•		•	
activities net position	_\$	1,773,952	\$ 1,165,712	\$ 1,257,333	\$ 1,163,548

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 70,504,714 12,005,864 (28,085,387)	\$ 76,718,101 10,550,211 (30,704,589)	\$ 83,108,503 10,666,215 (32,389,777)	\$ 84,736,354 13,640,492 (31,586,729)	\$ 89,775,215 12,690,386 (23,926,481)	\$ 95,530,955 14,846,661 (23,048,442)
\$ 54,425,191	\$ 56,563,723	\$ 61,384,941	\$ 66,790,117	\$ 78,539,120	\$ 87,329,174
\$ 666,154 441,240	\$ 574,630 658,775	\$ 496,271 523,351	\$ 1,068,342 578,717	\$ 935,163 1,923,418	\$ 825,140 2,603,404
\$ 1,107,394	\$ 1,233,405	\$ 1,019,622	\$ 1,647,059	\$ 2,858,581	\$ 3,428,544

# Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses:				
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$ 48,037,307	\$ 48,140,423	\$ 51,168,392	\$ 56,707,418
Support services: Student	3,542,985	3,663,955	3,677,997	4,355,525
Instructional staff Administration Operation and maintenance	3,105,544 5,655,085	5,455,726 5,673,933	6,368,459 6,874,302	5,775,910 6,582,752
of plant Transportation Non-instructional programs	6,407,078 2,615,258 121,088	6,564,417 2,754,810 130,525	6,402,268 2,749,936 128,979	6,663,099 2,813,289 123,241
Long-term debt interest and fiscal charges	3,131,174	2,802,823	3,031,161	3,153,088
Other expenses: AEA flowthrough	2,777,361	2,923,429	3,055,116	3,107,129
Depreciation (unallocated)  Total governmental  activities	3,807,359 79,200,239	4,010,529 82,120,570	4,133,605 87,590,215	4,204,016 93,485,467
Business-type activities:	 . 5,255,255	5=,.=0,0.0	0.,000,2.0	55, .55, 101
School nutrition Aquatic center ROAR store	3,084,733 46,519	3,113,499 161,128 7,353	3,357,540 239,212 12,426	3,664,633 258,173 31,857
Total business-type activities	3,131,252	3,281,980	3,609,178	3,954,663
Total primary government expenses	82,331,491	85,402,550	91,199,393	97,440,130
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:				
Instruction Support services Operating grants and	4,735,812 18,181	5,516,329 93,335	6,407,571 12,868	6,745,753 24,166
contributions Capital grants and contributions	10,866,887 -	5,991,216 10,000	6,047,560 18,989	6,581,814 25,500
Total governmental activities	 15,620,880	11,610,880	12,486,988	13,377,233
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services: School nutrition Aquatic center	2,030,952 53,211	2,165,481 239,569	2,185,826 273,967	2,244,925 293,629
ROAR store Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	1,177,210	9,555 1,170,943 -	12,335 1,226,303	31,494 1,287,140 -
Total business-type activities	3,261,373	3,585,548	3,698,431	3,857,188
Total primary government revenues	18,882,253	15,196,428	16,185,419	17,234,421
Net (expense) revenues: Governmental activities Business-type activities	(63,579,359) 130,121	(70,509,690) 303,568	(75,103,227) 89,253	(80,108,234) (97,475)
Total primary government revenues	\$ (63.449.238)	\$ (70.206.122)	\$ (75.013.974)	\$ (80.205.709)

2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
68,265,783	\$	63,307,419	\$	67,026,119	\$	63,560,855	\$	61,473,758	\$	58,931,656	\$
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ
4,212,678		4,054,858		4,252,852		4,213,237		4,299,379		4,484,173	
6,764,335 9,053,582		7,183,309 8,025,718		7,743,761 7,829,769		6,747,058 7,655,203		6,282,247 7,553,924		6,346,603 7,468,634	
9,055,562		0,023,710		7,029,709		7,000,200		7,555,924		7,400,034	
8,275,199		9,343,503		14,154,775		6,773,032		9,049,914		7,109,445	
5,020,124		3,601,615		3,713,690		3,590,979		3,559,751		3,093,011	
95,816		100,885		100,174		98,560		93,551		98,548	
3,395,914		4,204,471		3,998,911		4,335,073		2,599,276		2,513,240	
3,756,855		3,676,429		3,631,522		3,469,718		3,339,090		3,239,555	
6,628,611		6,329,627		5,835,887		4,836,671		4,752,841		4,570,877	
115,468,897		109,827,834		118,287,460		105,280,386		103,003,731		97,855,742	
3,997,776		3,906,770		3,233,525		3,383,351		3,579,698		3,626,056	
356,361		322,591		94,216		275,634		316,352		288,691	
35,497		48,787		28,930		36,875		37,071		39,299	
4,389,634		4,278,148		3,356,671		3,695,860		3,933,121		3,954,046	
119,858,531		114,105,982		121,644,131		108,976,246		106,936,852		101,809,788	
5,676,355		5,862,062		15,423,309		8,264,085		8,173,922		7,818,599	
3,527,439		3,127,088		1,173,853		1,311,115		1,862,441		27,459	
19,082,722		18,574,583		16,911,925		13,565,519		13,126,850		14,462,348	
13,002,722		10,574,505		10,911,925		-		-		36,900	
22 222 742		07 500 700		00 500 007		00.110.710		00.400.040		00.045.000	
28,286,516		27,563,733		33,509,087		23,140,719		23,163,213		22,345,306	
2,118,897		410,124		164,830		1,698,882		2,266,321		2,301,977	
415,817		396,824		187,230		145,122		351,434		295,531	
35,668		46,355		44,786		34,784		46,990 1,376,878		43,078	
2,353,625 -		4,634,021 -		2,690,701 -		1,587,600 -		1,370,878		1,271,317 -	
4 004 007		E 407 224		2 007 547		2.400.200		4.044.600		2 044 002	
4,924,007		5,487,324		3,087,547		3,466,388		4,041,623		3,911,903	
33,210,523		33,051,057		36,596,634		26,607,107		27,204,836		26,257,209	
	· <u> </u>				_		_		· <u> </u>		_
(87,182,381)		(82,264,101)		(84,778,373)		(82,139,667)		(79,840,518)		(75,510,436)	
534,373		1,209,176		(269,124)		(229,472)		108,502		(42,143)	
(86.648.008)	\$	(81.054.925)	\$	(85.047.497)	\$	(82,369,139)	\$	(79.732.016)	\$	(75.552.579)	\$

#### General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Net (expense) revenues: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (70,509,690) \$ 303,568	(75,103,227) \$ 89,253	(80,108,234) \$ (97,475)	(75,510,436) (42,143)
Total primary government net expense	(70,206,122)	(75,013,974)	(80,205,709)	(75,552,579)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	23,907,617	23,949,253	25,236,614	25,921,202
Capital outlay	3,285,473	3,105,578	3,188,525	3,272,294
Debt service	3,744,536	4,033,671	3,800,343	3,841,998
Revenues in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	_
Sales tax	5,979,539	6,587,426	6,811,318	6,889,195
Unrestricted grants and contributions	29,979,713	39,054,690	41,329,762	42,547,658
Investment earnings	92,990	79,221	104,072	121,291
Miscellaneous	1,047,657	590,682	532,864	965,032
Total governmental activities	68,037,525	77,400,521	81,003,498	83,558,670
Business-type activities:				
Investment earnings	1,892	2,180	2,368	3,560
Miscellaneous	14	414	-	130
Total business-type activities	1,906	2,594	2,368	3,690
Total primary government	68,039,431	77,403,115	81,005,866	83,562,360
Change in net position:				
Governmental activities	(2,472,165)	2,297,294	895,264	8,048,234
Business-type activities	305,474	91,847	(95,107)	(38,453)
Total primary government	\$ (2,166,691) \$	2,389,141 \$	800,157 \$	8,009,781

 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ (75,510,436) \$ (42,143)	(79,840,518) \$ 108,502	(82,139,667) \$ (229,472)	33,509,087 3,087,547	\$ (82,264,101) <b>\$</b> 1,209,176	(87,182,381) 534,373
(75,552,579)	(79,732,016)	(82,369,139)	36,596,634	(81,054,925)	(86,648,008)
27,750,578	29,270,203	30,057,518	32,127,472	33,162,658	32,866,428
3,430,959	3,628,213	3,761,188	3,981,114	4,169,860	4,270,100
3,519,010	3,576,418	5,629,795	5,574,919	5,675,629	5,566,037
948,662	1,034,904	1,061,475	1,063,781	1,089,172	8,386
7,158,956	7,645,473	7,849,426	8,361,729	9,334,763	9,101,935
35,235,868	36,137,495	37,602,906	39,566,400	40,332,066	42,968,413
186,668	460,739	806,991	210,254	61,307	883,704
380,492	225,605	191,586	191,090	200,666	294,442
78,611,193	81,979,050	86,960,885	91,076,759	94,026,121	95,959,445
8,596	17,201	15,714	3,104	2,346	35,590
5,270	308	222	-	_,	-
13,866	17,509	15,936	3,104	2,346	35,590
78,625,059	81,996,559	86,976,821	91,079,863	94,028,467	95,995,035
3,100,757	2,138,532	4,821,218	5,405,176	11,762,020	8,777,064
(28,277)	126,011	(213,536)	627,190	1,211,522	569,963
\$ 3,072,480 \$	2,264,543 \$		6,032,366	\$ 12,973,542 <b>\$</b>	9,347,027

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	1,739,691	1,793,043	1,363,797	1,513,994
Assigned	484,639	521,726	445,301	476,285
Unassigned	8,797,941	8,091,108	8,317,146	8,407,084
Total General Fund	 11,022,271	10,405,877	10,126,244	10,397,363
All other governmental funds: Nonspendable Restricted for:	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	7,954,093	11,960,248	15,467,494	7,494,765
Debt service fund	-	-	-	4,339,699
Special revenue funds	11,372,990	6,363,405	7,126,623	3,232,304
Total other governmental funds	 19,327,083	18,323,653	22,594,117	15,066,768
Total governmental funds	\$ 30,349,354	\$ 28,729,530	\$ 32,720,361	\$ 25,464,131

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ 220,881
·	1,153,042	1,067,117	1,142,203	734,927	431,575	446,035
	446,136	421,121	435,330	424,306	464,960	535,797
	8,372,478	8,371,898	9,481,809	12,795,923	11,416,553	5,866,836
	9,971,656	9,860,136	11,059,342	13,955,156	12,313,088	7,069,549
	-	-	-	-	-	26,243
	6,985,042	13,141,970	18,286,390	13,638,994	8,839,279	24,807,805
	4,078,964	4,207,934	4,614,250	858,214	346,134	347,991
	3,438,057	3,839,507	3,387,024	2,587,819	2,682,893	3,284,085
	14,502,063	21,189,411	26,287,664	17,085,027	11,868,306	28,466,124
\$	24,473,719 \$	31,049,547 \$	37,347,006 \$	31,040,183	\$ 24,181,394	\$ 35,535,673

Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 30,937,626	\$ 31,088,502	\$ 32,225,482	\$	33,035,494	
Tuition	3,350,347	3,604,028	4,266,217		4,869,613	
Other revenues	 2,607,885	2,773,333	2,844,683		3,057,301	
Total local sources	36,895,858	37,465,863	39,336,382		40,962,408	
Intermediate sources	-	-	-		8,000	
State sources:						
Statewide sales and services tax	5,979,539	6,587,426	6,811,318		6,889,195	
State grants	 44,565,250	42,737,570	45,294,013		46,582,216	
Total state sources	50,544,789	49,324,996	52,105,331		53,471,411	
Federal sources	2,197,297	2,220,542	2,048,773		2,494,084	
Total revenues	\$ 89,637,944	\$ 89.011.401	\$ 93,490,486	\$	96,935,903	

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 34,700,547 5,259,122 3,012,082	\$ 36,849,199 5,282,546.00 3,347,584	\$ 39,710,620 5,483,555 3,643,355	\$ 41,928,435 5,801,651 9,994,702	\$ 5,862,063 3,188,393	\$ 42,702,565 5,676,356 4,667,461
42,971,751	45,479,329	48,837,530	57,724,788	52,223,801	53,046,382
					<u> </u>
6,808,180 47,656,336	7,645,473 48,990,802	7,827,053 50,994,455	7,659,411 53,373,190	9,160,188 54,351,928	10,379,010 56,374,182
54,464,516	56,636,275	58,821,508	61,032,601	63,512,116	66,753,192
2,788,965	2,944,639	2,406,666	5,124,051	5,643,185	4,965,445
\$ 100,225,232	\$ 105,060,243	\$ 110,065,704	\$ 123,881,440	\$ 121,379,102	\$ 124,765,019

## Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2014	2015	2016			2017
Instruction	\$	48,230,224	\$ 49,047,463	\$	52,864,635	\$	54,341,263
Support services:							
Student services		3,564,347	3,673,553		3,704,754		4,322,032
Instructional staff support services		3,072,281	5,112,761		5,382,209		5,622,911
Administrative services		6,333,244	6,608,157		6,932,883		6,999,671
Plant operation and maintenance		6,263,679	6,464,301		6,567,506		6,499,306
Transportation services		2,691,915	2,763,461		2,782,122		2,829,377
Non-instructional programs		121,088	130,525		128,979		123,241
Capital outlay		8,992,938	8,626,662		19,381,436		9,448,106
AEA flowthrough		2,777,361	2,923,429		3,055,116		3,107,129
Debt service:							
Principal		30,663,356	6,405,675		5,780,000		23,870,000
Interest and fiscal charges		3,328,577	2,743,913		2,933,691		3,098,806
Total expenditures	\$	116,039,010	\$ 94,499,900	\$	109,513,331	\$	120,261,842
Dobt corvice as a percentage of							
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		31.75%	10.65%		24.49%		24.34%

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 57,269,830	\$ 61,785,512	\$ 61,121,222	\$ 64,622,740	\$ 69,098,015	\$ 71,976,820
4,301,729	4,183,675	3,999,730	4,090,362	4,529,872	4,546,359
6,151,635	6,137,836	6,458,399	7,503,729	7,976,196	7,244,471
7,104,822	7,379,834	7,322,820	7,902,558	8,739,425	9,016,806
6,692,844	6,866,139	6,633,353	8,004,715	8,480,781	8,849,083
3,020,658	3,049,862	3,025,804	3,069,944	3,204,969	4,526,833
98,406	92,559	96,490	98,866	105,543	98,611
3,251,094	5,899,443	58,181,188	18,177,773	5,132,574	6,240,426
3,239,555	3,339,090	3,469,718	3,631,522	3,676,429	3,756,855
7,165,000	7,140,000	20,915,000	8,330,000	56,573,771	8,027,645
2,960,809	2,759,588	5,152,986	4,568,499	4,892,749	4,164,954
\$ 101,256,382	\$ 108,633,538	\$ 176,376,710	\$ 130,000,708	\$ 172,410,324	\$ 128,448,863
 10.33%	9.67%	22.10%	11.00%	36.50%	10.02%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (32,380,605) \$	(5,488,499) \$	(16,022,845) \$	(23,325,939)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out Sale of equipment	16,099,513 (16,099,513) 53,819	8,246,454 (8,246,454)	6,001,233 (6,001,233) 13,676	7,173,507 (7,173,507) 49,624
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Sale of real property Capital loan note issuance Revenue bond issuance	- - - 22,800,000	203,675 - 3,665,000	- - 10,000,000 10,000,000	71,872 - - -
General obligation refunding bonds issued General obligation bonds issued Net premiums/discounts on bond issuances	- - 665,575	- -	- -	14,125,000 - 1,823,213
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,519,394	3,868,675	20,013,676	16,069,709
Net change in fund balances	\$ (8,861,211) \$	(1,619,824) \$	3,990,831 \$	(7,256,230)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ (1,031,150) \$	(3,573,295) \$	(66,311,006) \$	(6,119,268) \$	(51,031,222) \$	(3,683,844)
6,277,163 (6,277,163) 40,738	6,267,600 (6,267,600) 55,820	6,277,875 (6,277,875) 18,565	7,287,302 (7,487,932) 13,075	10,857,635 (10,857,635) 35,468	6,392,183 (6,392,183) 38,123
_	-	_	-	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	15,000,000	-	41,615,000	15,000,000
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	10,000,000	53,580,000	-	-	-
-	93,303	4,009,900	<u>-</u>	2,521,965	
40,738	10,149,123	72,608,465	(187,555)	44,172,433	15,038,123
			•		•
\$ (990,412) \$	6,575,828 \$	6,297,459 \$	(6,306,823) \$	(6,858,789) \$	11,354,279

## General Fund Expenditures By Function and Other Financing Uses Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Non-					
Fiscal Year		Support	Ir	nstructional		Other	Total	Oth	er Financing
Ended June 30,	Instruction	Services		Programs	Е	Expenditures	Expenditures		Uses
2023	\$ 69,602,817	\$ 31,672,243	\$	-	\$	3,756,855	\$ 105,031,915	\$	52,475
2022	66,505,187	30,978,512		-		3,676,429	101,160,128		25,043
2021	61,679,263	28,324,556		-		3,631,522	93,635,341		217,311
2020	58,656,871	25,623,259		-		3,469,718	87,749,848		16,419
2019	57,302,699	26,049,740		-		3,339,090	86,691,529		18,378
2018	54,761,167	25,888,505		-		3,239,555	83,889,227		26,974
2017	51,922,604	24,630,371		-		3,107,129	79,660,104		12,281
2016	49,997,441	23,747,703		-		3,055,116	76,800,260		-
2015	46,964,048	23,133,985		-		2,923,429	73,021,462		-
2014	45,416,152	20,307,702		-		2,777,361	68,501,215		-

## General Fund Revenues By Function and Other Financing Sources Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year								Oth	ner Financing
Ended June 30,	Local Tax	State	Federal	Mi	scellaneous	То	tal Revenues		Sources
2023	\$ 30,447,363	\$ 56,237,600	\$ 4,965,445	\$	8,152,320	\$	99,802,728	\$	38,123
2022	31,915,239	54,075,610	5,643,185		7,873,601		99,507,635		35,468
2021	31,233,343	53,105,425	5,124,051		7,272,572		96,735,391		13,075
2020	29,167,045	50,716,753	2,386,666		6,676,444		88,946,908		18,565
2019	28,141,026	48,779,896	2,944,639		6,677,006		86,542,567		18,378
2018	26,546,671	47,435,997	2,788,965		6,678,123		83,449,756		40,738
2017	24,785,704	46,347,416	2,494,084		6,253,052		79,880,256		63,248
2016	23,986,903	45,028,110	2,048,773		5,443,165		76,506,951		13,676
2015	22,754,909	42,577,642	2,220,542		4,843,746		72,396,839		8,229
2014	22,705,206	38,582,952	2,197,297		4,367,577		67,853,032		8,288

# Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		1	Actual Value				
Assessment	Collection	Residental	Commercial	Other	Less	Total	Total
Year	Year	Property	Property	Property	Exemptions	Taxable Value	Direct Rate
2021	2022-23	3,240,618,500	683,971,594	353,532,384	1,652,043,402	2,626,079,076	17.35888
2020	2021-22	2,993,446,620	673,573,424	317,751,102	1,485,959,449	2,498,811,697	17.86914
2019	2020-21	2,937,227,110	644,924,054	309,826,169	1,498,299,701	2,393,677,632	18.01155
2018	2019-20	2,745,045,400	601,843,697	299,287,927	1,366,612,361	2,279,564,663	18.01522
2017	2018-19	2,669,255,000	586,958,767	284,640,379	1,356,598,618	2,184,255,528	17.37262
2016	2017-18	2,523,208,100	494,562,506	275,862,298	1,244,913,378	2,048,719,526	17.37544
2015	2016-17	2,436,608,100	484,766,546	267,382,298	1,233,351,437	1,955,405,507	17.37723
2014	2015-16	2,353,842,868	548,360,758	183,971,846	1,182,203,330	1,903,972,142	17.37861
2013	2014-15	2,284,210,354	548,493,780	169,642,588	1,139,926,871	1,862,419,851	17.00411
2012	2013-14	2,238,748,147	537,214,072	139,152,794	1,096,153,062	1,818,961,951	17.26780

Source: Linn County Auditor

Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Collected the Levy		С	ollections	T	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Levy	Amount		Percentage of the Levy	In Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of the Levy		
2023	\$ 43,234,849	\$	42,866,098	99.15%	\$	-	\$	42,866,098	99.15%		
2022	43,038,251		43,080,640	100.10%		-		43,080,640	100.10%		
2021	41,855,488		41,570,586	99.32%		-		41,570,586	99.32%		
2020	39,890,612		39,626,560	99.34%		-		39,626,560	99.34%		
2019	36,643,522		36,515,841	99.65%		129,612		36,645,453	100.01%		
2018	34,611,614		34,548,420	99.82%		75,617		34,624,036	100.04%		
2017	32,941,467		32,848,881	99.72%		82,864		32,931,745	99.97%		
2016	32,160,080		32,050,116	99.66%		100,781		32,150,896	99.97%		
2015	31,124,849		30,907,422	99.30%		87,250		30,994,672	99.58%		
2014	30,873,621		30,751,540	99.60%		96,070		30,847,610	99.92%		

#### Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Levy Year	Collection Year	City of Cedar Rapids	City of Marion	City of Robins
2021	2022 22			
2021	2022-23 County	5.84664	5.84664	5.84664
	Schools	17.35888	17.35888	17.35888
	City	16.0262	14.20203	7.73546
	Miscellaneous	2.30929	2.30794	1.66633
	Total Levy	41.54101	39.71549	32.60731
Ratio of Lin	ın-Mar Community			
	strict to Total	41.79%	43.71%	53.24%
2020	2021-22			
	County	6.24304	6.24304	6.24304
	Schools	17.86914	17.86914	17.86914
	City	15.8762	14.19976	7.77354
	Miscellaneous	1.63416	1.63363	1.63363
	Total Levy	41.62254	39.94557	33.51935
Ratio of Lir	n-Mar Community			
	strict to Total	42.93%	44.73%	53.31%
2019	2020-21			
	County	6.40442	6.40442	6.40442
	Schools	18.01155	18.01155	18.01155
	City	15.6562	14.21502	7.77077
	Miscellaneous	1.58522	1.58314	1.58314
	Total Levy	41.65739	40.21413	33.76988
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
School Dis	strict to Total	43.24%	44.79%	53.34%
2018	2019-20			
	County	5.83902	5.83902	5.83902
	Schools	18.01522	18.01522	18.01522
	City	15.43621	14.22338	7.71136
	Miscellaneous	1.52375	1.55618	1.55618
	Total Levy	40.8142	39.6338	33.12178
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
School Dis	strict to Total	44.14%	45.45%	54.39%

(Continued)

**Linn-Mar Community School District** 

## Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Levy Year	Collection Year	City of Cedar Rapids	City of Marion	City of Robins
2017	2018-19			
2011	County	5.83902	5.83902	5.83902
	Schools	17.37262	17.37262	17.37262
	City	15.21621	14.22338	7.92171
	Miscellaneous	1.55739	1.55364	1.55364
	Total Levy	39.98524	38.98866	32.68699
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
	trict to Total	43.45%	44.56%	53.15%
2016	2017-18			
20.0	County	6.14108	6.14108	6.14108
	Schools	17.37544	17.37544	17.37544
	City	15.21621	13.98943	7.67714
	Miscellaneous	1.51391	1.50398	1.50398
	Total Levy	40.24664	39.00993	32.69764
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
	trict to Total	43.17%	44.54%	53.14%
2015	2016-17			
	County	6.14108	6.14108	6.14108
	Schools	17.37723	17.37723	17.37723
	City	15.21621	13.82108	7.96103
	Miscellaneous	1.48018	1.45693	1.45693
	Total Levy	40.2147	38.79632	32.93627
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
	trict to Total	43.21%	44.79%	52.76%
2014	2015-16			
	County	6.14225	6.14225	6.14225
	Schools	17.37861	17.37861	17.37861
	City	15.21621	13.58625	7.97127
	Miscellaneous	1.44038	1.47354	1.47354
	Total Levy	40.17745	38.58065	32.96567
Ratio of Lin	n-Mar Community			
	trict to Total	43.25%	45.04%	52.72%

(Continued)

## Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation All Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Levy Year	Collection Year	City of Cedar Rapids	City of Marion	City of Robins
2042	2044 45			
2013	2014-15	6 14101	6 1 1 1 0 1	6 1 1 1 0 1
	County	6.14191	6.14191	6.14191
	Schools	17.00411	17.00411	17.00411
	City	15.21621	13.12953	7.9306
	Miscellaneous	1.43456	1.47869	1.47869
	Total Levy	39.79679	37.75424	32.55531
	n-Mar Community trict to Total	42.73%	45.04%	52.23%
2012	2013-14			
	County	6.11191	6.11191	6.11191
	Schools	17.26780	17.26780	17.26780
	City	15.21621	13.15637	7.77881
	Miscellaneous	1.46096	1.32167	1.32167
	Total Levy	40.05688	37.85775	32.48019
	n-Mar Community			
School Dis	trict to Total	43.11%	45.61%	53.16%

Source: Linn County Auditor

**Linn-Mar Community School District** 

## Property Tax Rates By Fund Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ending			Board Physical Plant		Board Physical Plant	Debt	
30-Jun	General	Management	and Equipment	Playground	and Equipment	Service	Total
2023	12.43702	0.94003	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.17683	17.35888
2022	13.34786	0.44324	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.27304	17.86914
2021	13.51903	0.34895	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.33857	18.01155
2020	13.34617	0.36405	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.50000	18.01522
2019	13.41665	0.50486	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.64611	17.37262
2018	13.38276	0.47490	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.71278	17.37544
2017	13.14183	0.47075	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.95965	17.37723
2016	13.03448	0.54742	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	1.99171	17.37861
2015	12.50639	0.52341	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.16931	17.00411
2014	12.73201	0.67647	0.33000	0.13500	1.34000	2.05432	17.2678

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			Percentage			Percentage
		2021	of Total	2	012 Taxable	of Total
		Value	Taxable Value		Value	Taxable Value
Taxpayer	1-1	-20 Valuation	Valuation *	1-1	-11 Valuation	Valuation **
Rockwell Collins Inc	\$	34,324,937	1.37%	\$	31,346,726	1.81%
Lindale Mall LLC		28,714,950	1.15%			
JE Pense LLC		18,713,790	0.75%			
Cedar Rapids Senior Living LLC		16,960,943	0.68%			
Northtowne Market Lot 7 LLC		16,831,800	0.67%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust		11,616,840	0.46%		10,850,705	0.63%
The Shops at Collins Square LLC		11,192,940	0.45%		1,150,307	0.07%
CR-Collins LLC		10,739,340	0.43%			
Kwik Trip Inc		10,438,920	0.42%			
Target Corporation T-1768		9,745,470	0.39%		8,419,751	0.49%
Apple Ten Hospitality Ownership Inc		9,576,000	0.38%		10,170,047	0.59%
Voyage IA I LLC		8,428,410	0.34%			
Atlas Limited Partnership		8,042,224	0.32%			
National Retail Properties LP		7,729,920	0.31%			
Quagliano Michael		7,669,620	0.31%			
SDG Macerich Properties					35,388,978	2.04%
OPM LC					13,380,274	0.77%
Devlopers Diversified Realty Corp					12,147,087	0.70%
Timberland Partners					11,004,345	0.63%
Atrium Finance					9,101,367	0.52%
Total	\$	210,726,104	8.43%	\$	142,959,587	8.24%

<sup>\* 2021</sup> Total District Taxable Valuation is \$2,498,811,697

Note: The 2021 valuation was reported because the taxes collected during the 2022 fiscal year was based on the 2021 valuation.

Source: Linn County Auditor

<sup>\*\* 2012</sup> Total District Taxable Valuation was \$1,734,667,897

Ratio of Bonded Debt to Assessed Values And Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Assessed Values of Property	General Obligation Bonds	Ratio of Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2023	\$ 4,286,950,962	\$ 66,965,000	1.56% \$	976
2022	3,987,850,617	73,194,807	1.84%	1,054
2021	3,888,893,753	74,298,508	1.91%	994
2020	3,643,041,588	77,632,489	2.13%	1,132
2019	3,540,854,146	33,556,048	0.95%	494
2018	3,293,632,904	25,000,000	0.76%	385
2017	3,188,756,944	27,305,000	0.86%	428
2016	3,086,175,472	32,335,000	1.05%	503
2015	3,002,346,722	35,585,000	1.19%	555
2014	2,915,115,013	38,805,000	1.33%	603

Source: District Financial Records, Woods & Poole Economics

Notes: Percentage personal Income and Per Capita figures are based upon Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Statistical Area Data from the corresponding calendar year.

Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

						Ratio Of		
	General				Total	Bonded Debt		
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Capital		Primary	To Personal		
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Loan Notes	Leases	Government	Income *	Per	Capita*
2023	\$ 69,293,981	\$50,725,000	\$ 2,395,000	\$ 383,870	\$ 122,797,851	0.84%	\$	426
2022	73,194,807	39,280,000	3,555,000	508,308	116,538,115	0.85%		424
2021	74,298,508	49,925,000	4,690,000	-	128,913,508	0.84%		471
2020	77,632,489	54,295,000	5,800,000	-	137,727,489	0.95%		505
2019	33,556,048	45,990,000	6,885,000	-	86,431,048	0.60%		313
2018	25,000,000	49,490,000	7,945,000	-	82,435,000	0.60%		306
2017	27,305,000	53,310,000	8,985,000	-	89,600,000	0.67%		335
2016	32,335,000	57,010,000	10,000,000	-	99,345,000	0.78%		372
2015	35,585,000	49,540,000	-	-	85,125,000	0.68%		320
2014	38,805,000	49,005,000	-	55,675	87,865,675	0.73%		332

<sup>\*</sup> See Micellaneous Demographic Statistics on page 103. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Local O	ption Sales Tax	Revenue Bor	nds	Capital Loan Notes					
Fiscal		Debt S	ervice	_	Debt Service					
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
2023	\$ 10,379,010	\$ 3,555,000	\$ 1,421,926	2.09	\$ 4,270,100	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 669,323	2.33		
2022	9,160,188	52,260,000	1,552,467	0.17	4,186,213	1,135,000	91,455	3.41		
2021	7,659,411	4,370,000	1,675,024	1.27	4,007,742	1,110,000	113,100	3.28		
2020	7,827,053	6,695,000	1,988,995	0.99	3,788,158	1,085,000	134,258	3.11		
2019	7,618,440	3,500,000	1,492,138	1.53	3,665,765	1,060,000	154,927	3.00		
2018	6,808,180	3,820,000	1,583,105	1.26	3,403,026	1,040,000	175,208	2.80		
2017	6,889,195	3,700,000	1,677,229	1.28	3,364,875	1,015,000	195,000	3.00		
2016	6,811,318	2,530,000	1,634,525	1.64	3,290,745	-	-	n/a		
2015	6,587,426	3,130,000	1,415,579	1.45	3,164,958	-	-	n/a		
2014	5,979,539	2,710,000	855,871	1.68	3,045,026	-	-	n/a		

## Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 2022-2023	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 4,138,060,271	\$ 3,987,850,617	\$ 3,888,893,753	\$ 3,643,041,588
Bonded Debit Limit * 5% of assessed valuation	206,903,014	199,392,531	194,444,688	182,152,079
Bonded Debt at end of fiscal year	66,583,870	77,258,115	124,630,000	132,960,000
Debt Margin at end of fiscal year	\$140,319,144	\$122,134,416	\$69,814,688	\$49,192,079
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of debt limit	67.82%	61.25%	35.90%	27.01%

<sup>\*</sup> Code of Iowa Section 296.1

Source: Linn County Auditor

School District Financial Records

2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014
\$ 3,540,854,146	\$ 3,293,632,904	\$ 3,188,756,944	\$ 3,086,175,472	\$ 3,002,346,722	\$ 2,915,115,013
177,042,707	164,681,645	159,437,847	154,308,774	150,117,336	145,755,751
86,431,048	82,435,000	89,600,000	99,345,000	85,125,000	87,865,675
\$90,611,659	\$82,246,645	\$69,837,847	\$54,963,774	\$64,992,336	\$57,890,076
51.18%	49.94%	43.80%	35.62%	43.29%	39.72%

#### Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Gross General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Governmental Unit *	Linn-Mar Community School District Share of Debt
Direct:			
Linn-Mar Community School District	\$ 2,626,079,076	100%	\$ 2,626,079,076
Overlapping:			
City of Cedar Rapids	8,012,587,949	11.37%	910,702,172
City of Marion	2,051,837,875	73.09%	1,499,639,076
City of Robbins	241,071,592	24.62%	59,361,886
Kirkwood Community College	30,889,405,399	8.50%	2,626,079,076
Linn County	13,701,279,187	19.17%	2,626,079,076
Total Overlapping	54,896,182,002		7,721,861,286
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 57,522,261,078		\$ 10,347,940,362

Source: Linn County Auditor

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the district. This schedule estimates the portion of the outsanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district. This process recognizes that, when considering the district's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>\*</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

#### Miscellaneous Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Cedar Rapi Retail Sale (In Millions	es	Marion Retail Sales (In Millions)	Linn-County Unemployment Rate	State Unemployment Rate
2022	275,590	\$ 14,009,992,000	62,457	\$ 3,4	50	\$ 486	3.00%	3.00%
2021	275,043	13,691,370,000	57,428	3,49	95	465	3.10%	2.60%
2020	273,885	15,329,730,000	52,032	3,25	54	407	6.40%	5.30%
2019	273,032	14,509,845,000	53,143	3,2	16	386	3.10%	2.90%
2018	272,295	14,205,142,000	52,168	3,20	)5	375	3.40%	2.50%
2017	269,330	13,655,838,990	50,703	3,2	15	371	3.50%	3.10%
2016	267,447	13,375,291,917	50,011	3,19	91	364	3.70%	3.50%
2015	266,998	12,816,704,994	48,003	3,52	26	457	3.90%	3.80%
2014	265,624	12,429,078,208	46,792	3,04	14	351	4.40%	4.00%
2013	264,346	11,973,287,724	45,294	2,97	73	340	5.00%	4.40%

Source : Cedar Rapids Chamber of Commerce, Woods & Poole Economics lowa Department of Employment Services, Iowa Retail Sales & Use Tax Report

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2023 is not yet available.

#### New Commercial and Industrial Building Permits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	City of Ce New Co		al	City of New Com					
Year	# of Permits		Valualtion	# of Permits		Valualtion			
2022	0	\$	_	14	\$	19,814,474			
2021	64	*	245,534,637	24	*	19,158,158			
2020	37		110,416,893	51		32,141,887			
2019	68		151,217,754	19		93,465,481			
2018	54		130,642,804	13		22,230,151			
2017	59		118,816,581	25		39,427,284			
2016	65		95,888,669	16		12,384,735			
2015	38		75,376,545	14		6,420,879			
2014	45		49,446,998	12		2,369,744			
2013	64		85,971,266	18		9,608,347			
	City of Ce	City of Cedar Rapids				City of Marion			
	New Ind	ustrial		New Ind					
Year	New Ind # of Permits	ustrial	Valualtion	-		Valualtion			
Year			Valualtion	New Ind		Valualtion			
Year 2022		ustrial \$	Valualtion -	New Ind		Valualtion -			
	# of Permits		Valualtion -	New Ind # of Permits	ustrial	Valualtion -			
2022	# of Permits		Valualtion -	New Ind # of Permits	ustrial	Valualtion -			
2022 2021	# of Permits  0 0		Valualtion - - - -	New Ind # of Permits 0 0	ustrial	Valualtion			
2022 2021 2020	# of Permits  0 0 0		Valualtion	New Ind # of Permits 0 0 0	ustrial	Valualtion			
2022 2021 2020 2019	# of Permits  0 0 0 0 0		Valualtion	New Ind # of Permits 0 0 0 0	ustrial	Valualtion			
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	# of Permits  0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Valualtion	New Ind # of Permits 0 0 0 0	ustrial	Valualtion			
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	# of Permits  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Valualtion	New Ind # of Permits 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ustrial	Valualtion 16,380,099			
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	# of Permits  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Valualtion	New Ind # of Permits 0 0 0 0 0 0	ustrial	- - - - - -			

Source: City of Cedar Rapids Building Department

City of Marion

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2022 is not yet available.

#### New Single and Multi Family Dwelling Permits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	City of Cedar Rapids Single-Family			City of Marion Single-Family		
Year	# of Permits		Valualtion	# of Permits		Valualtion
0000	107	•	10.000.100	407	•	10.770.001
2022	127	\$	40,339,132	107	\$	12,778,221
2021	154		40,501,632	204		24,175,903
2020	126		23,599,349	187		22,935,544
2019	145		24,545,867	145		18,245,222
2018	134		14,866,721	160		19,448,950
2017	214		22,667,477	171		21,027,035
2016	219		22,354,265	164		19,773,834
2015	268		23,607,356	202		26,212,686
2014	325		34,621,397	145		17,599,562
2013	246		24,631,630	184		22,646,922
2012	253		26,111,686	157		18,988,018
	City of Cedar Rapids			City of Marion		
V	Multi-Family		\/_ll4:	Multi-Family		
Year			Valualtion			Valualtion
	Multi-Family # of Permits			Multi-Family # of Permits	<u> </u>	
2022	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A	\$	N/A	Multi-Family # of Permits 5 (220 units)	\$	18,786,831
2022 2021	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15	\$	N/A 6,462,110	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570
2022 2021 2020	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15 28	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330
2022 2021 2020 2019	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15 28 44(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886	# of Permits  5 (220 units)  15 (52 units)  15 (8(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15 28 44(n/a) 31(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15 28 44(n/a) 31(n/a) 42(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622 7,455,378	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a) 29(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136 8,638,905
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	Multi-Family # of Permits N/A 15 28 44(n/a) 31(n/a) 42(n/a) 46(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622 7,455,378 6,783,769	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a) 29(n/a) 27(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136 8,638,905 7,329,250
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Multi-Family # of Permits  N/A  15  28  44(n/a)  31(n/a)  42(n/a)  46(n/a)  31(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622 7,455,378 6,783,769 5,342,262	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a) 29(n/a) 27(n/a) 13(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136 8,638,905 7,329,250 11,019,666
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	Multi-Family # of Permits  N/A  15  28  44(n/a)  31(n/a)  42(n/a)  46(n/a)  31(n/a)  27(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622 7,455,378 6,783,769 5,342,262 10,432,216	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a) 29(n/a) 27(n/a) 13(n/a) 15(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136 8,638,905 7,329,250 11,019,666 4,233,891
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Multi-Family # of Permits  N/A  15  28  44(n/a)  31(n/a)  42(n/a)  46(n/a)  31(n/a)	\$	N/A 6,462,110 9,682,284 13,919,886 5,083,622 7,455,378 6,783,769 5,342,262	# of Permits  5 (220 units) 15 (52 units) 15 (8(n/a) 21 (n/a) 29(n/a) 27(n/a) 13(n/a)	\$	18,786,831 5,074,570 5,621,330 6,798,297 7,193,136 8,638,905 7,329,250 11,019,666

Source: City of Cedar Rapids Building Department

City of Marion

Note: The information provided in this chart is collected on a calendar year basis, so data for 2023 is not yet available.



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2023		2014	
_		Percentage		Percentage
		of Total		of Total
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Rockwell-Avionoics	9,000	34.60%	9,470	29.46%
St. Lukes Hospital	3,670	14.11%	3,184	9.91%
Mercy Medical Center	2,900	11.15%	2,312	7.19%
TransAmerica	2,500	9.61%	3,800	11.82%
Cedar Rapids Community School				
District	2,320	8.92%		
City of Cedar Rapids	1,300	5.00%		
Linn-Mar Community School District	1,180	4.54%		
Nordstrom	1,100	4.23%		
UFG Insurance	1,040	4.00%		
Quaker Foods and Snacks a				
Division of PepsiCo Inc.	1,000	3.84%		
Area Schools/AEA			5,512	17.15%
Whirlpool Corporation			2,000	6.22%
Kirkwood Comm. College			1,895	5.90%
Veterans Health Administration			1,562	4.86%
Mercy Iowa City			1,208	3.76%
Pearson			1,200	3.73%
Total	26,010	100.00%	32,143	100.00%

Source: Cedar Rapids Area Chamber of Commerce Source: Cedar Rapids Area Chamber of Commerce

Full-Time-Equivalent District Employees By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Y	ear	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Administration				
Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Associate Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Principals	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Assistant Principals	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Deans	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
School Admin. Manager	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Other Administrators	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Supervisors	7.0	7.0	8.0	7.0
Instructors				
Regular Program Teachers	376.5	402.5	419.4	417.2
Special Education Teachers	62.0	65.0	65.0	65.5
Student Services				
Guidance Counselors	19.0	19.0	18.0	19.0
Media Specialists	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Curriculum Coordinators	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Other Licensed Staff	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0
Other Coordinators	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Support Personnel				
Nurse	4.0	4.0	4.5	5.5
Clerical	42.4	42.4	42.5	41.0
Paraeducators	192.4	195.0	212.5	224.7
Custodial & Maintenance	70.1	73.0	70.1	70.5
Food Service	51.0	53.0	54.0	54.0
Bus Drivers	27.7	28.0	30.0	30.0
Total	915.1	952.9	989.0	1,000.4

Source: District Personnel Records

	Fiscal Year						
2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
12.0	12.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
7.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	9.0		
4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
7.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0		
4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
17.0	9.0	10.0	7.0	6.0	7.0		
441.0	468.3	461.8	449.2	438.2	433.7		
81.0	74.5	70.0	64.0	63.5	63.0		
23.0	22.0	21.0	20.0	20.0	19.0		
12.0	12.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
3.0	6.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0		
22.0	9.0	11.0	10.0	9.5	9.0		
9.0	9.0	9.0	11.0	12.0	12.0		
6.0	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.5	4.5		
46.0	44.6	44.6	41.6	41.6	39.5		
288.0	280.5	256.1	278.9	267.5	248.0		
62.0	78.6	78.6	67.2	69.2	71.3		
72.0	70.0	56.9	52.4	53.5	57.8		
39.0	27.3	33.5	33.8	32.2	30.9		
1,158.0	1,152.8	1,113.5	1,090.6	1,069.7	1,045.6		

## Property Values, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Insured Property Value		Expenditures For Construction		Bank Deposit *	
2023	\$	360,446,025	\$ 5,662,958	\$	7,379,143	
2022		306,375,386	4,258,631		22,496,082	
2021		309,750,827	18,052,849		25,340,418	
2020		249,044,798	58,181,188		21,973,487	
2019		242,049,566	5,899,442		20,609,541	
2018		213,573,152	3,239,412		19,668,746	
2017		213,076,371	9,448,106		20,017,152	
2016		208,651,988	19,381,435		19,619,302	
2015		202,429,166	8,626,662		19,430,788	
2014		198,472,285	8,954,338		20,056,826	

<sup>\*</sup> School District's General Fund & Management Fund bank deposits at June 30 amounts do not include investments.

Source: Bouslog Insurance, Inc.

True North Insurance
District Financial Records

Operating Cost Per Pupil Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Total Costs *		Average ear Total Costs * Daily Attendance		Operating Costs Per Pupil	
2022-2023	\$	105,031,915	6,843	15,349		
2021-2022		101,160,128	6,909	14,641		
2020-2021		93,852,652	7,265	12,919		
2019-2020		87,749,848	7,315	11,996		
2018-2019		86,709,904	7,232	11,990		
2017-2018		83,889,227	7,224	11,613		
2016-2017		79,674,924	7,140	11,158		
2015-2016		76,800,261	7,001	10,970		
2014-2015		73,021,462	6,845	10,668		
2013-2014		68,501,215	6,714	10,203		

<sup>\*</sup> Includes all General Fund expenditures and transfers out

Source: School District financial and attendance reports

#### School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School	2014	2015	2016	2017
Elementary				-
Bowman Woods				
Square Feet	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906
Capacity	550	550	550	550
Enrollment	419	484	484	482
Echo Hill				
Square Feet	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	512	567	612	610
Indian Creek				
Square Feet	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200
Capacity	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	502	509	516	529
Linn Grove				
Square Feet	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	466	491	562	568
Novak				
Square Feet	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	518	454	529	547
Westfield				
Square Feet	58,000	58,000	58,000	66,763
Capacity	500	500	500	600
Enrollment	452	426	437	427
Wilkins				
Square Feet	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800
Capacity	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	440	479	465	446

Notes: Over time some of the buildings capacity have actualy decreased due to the inclusion of additional special programs

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
50,9	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906	50,906
5	550	550	550	550	550
4:	433	431	543	456	456
78,0	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
6	600	600	600	600	600
5	533	503	528	564	564
49,2	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200	49,200
5	500	500	500	500	500
4	427	421	540	564	564
78,0	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
6	600	600	600	600	600
4	447	460	557	530	530
78,0	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
6	600	600	600	600	600
3	404	397	539	591	591
66,7	66,763	66,763	66,763	66,763	66,763
6	600	600	600	600	600
5	477	515	605	552	552
48,8	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800	48,800
5	500	500	500	500	500
3	380	368	432	423	423

#### School Building Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School	2014	2015	2016	2017
Middle School/Intermediate <sup>a</sup>				
Boulder Peak				
Square Feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Hazel Point				
Square Feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Excelsior <sup>a</sup>				
Square Feet	126,700	126,700	126,700	126,700
Capacity	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	938	928	947	974
Oak Ridge <sup>c</sup>				
Square Feet	105,383	105,383	117,013	119,712
Capacity	750	750	800	800
Enrollment	681	713	756	753
High School/Junior High <sup>b</sup>				
Square Feet	315,478	315,478	315,478	302,704
Capacity	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,400
Enrollment	1,934	1,979	2,012	2,061

Notes: Over time some of the buildings capacity have actualy decreased due to the inclusion of additional special programs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Excelsior Middle School opened back in 1995 as an intermediate school and was added onto 1999 and converted into a middle school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The High school started out as two separate buildings; the high school and junior high. Over time they were both added onto and are now one large building.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> With the opening of Echo Hill elementary school at the start of the 2008-2009 school year, Oak Ridge school was converted from a PreK-8 school to a middle school.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
-	-	-	135,203	135,203	135,203
-	_	-	800	800	800
-	-	-	639	613	587
-	-	-	135,203	135,203	135,203
_	_	_	800	800	800
_	_	-	529	551	571
126,700	126,700	126,700	126,700	126,700	126,700
1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
953	953	946	634	635	654
119,712	119,712	119,712	119,712	119,712	119,712
800	800	800	800	800	800
768	768	831	540	542	576
302,704	302,704	302,704	302,704	302,704	302,704
2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
2,168	2,168	2,218	2,222	2,250	2,185

Solvency Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School Year	•	ned & Assigned al Fund Balance	Actual Revenues	Financial Solvency Ratio
2022-2023	\$	6,402,633	99,802,728	15.00%
2021-2022		11,881,513	99,507,635	12.40%
2020-2021		13,220,229	96,748,466	13.66%
2019-2020		9,917,139	88,946,908	11.15%
2018-2019		8,793,020	86,598,385	10.15%
2017-2018		8,818,614	83,490,494	10.56%
2016-2017		8,880,831	79,943,505	11.11%
2015-2016		8,762,447	76,520,627	11.45%
2014-2015		8,612,834	72,405,068	11.90%
2013-2014		9,282,581	67,860,878	13.68%

<sup>\*</sup> Financial Solvency Ratio =

<u>Unassigned & Assigned General Fund Balance</u> Actual Revenues - less AEA Flowthrough

The financial solvency ratio measures movement and distribution of current assets. The financial solvency ratio represents a school district's year end position after payment of all current and outstanding or accrued liabilities.

Ranges utilized are:

#### **TARGETED SOLVENCY POSITION:**

Financial Solvency Ratio ranging from 7% to 17% of actual revenues. A school district is able to meet unforseen financing requirements and presents a sound risk for the timely repayment of short-term obligations.

#### **ACCEPTABLE SOLVENCY POSITION:**

Financial Solvency Ratio ranging from 0% to 4.99% of actual revenues. Fund balance is considerd adequte for short-term credit purposes as long as other local economic trends, such as property tax collections and enrollment are sound.

#### **SOLVENCY ALERT:**

A solvency alert exists if the school corporation has a negative solvency ratio up to -3.0% of actual revenues. A negative solvency position in this range warrants prompt management response but could be caused by operating revenue/expenditure fluctuations within one budget year.

#### **SOLVENCY CONCERN:**

A solvency concern exists if the school corporation has a negative solvency ratio in excess of -3.0% of actual revenues.

Schedule of Average Daily Membership (ADM), Average Daily Attendance (ADA) and Ratio of ADA to ADM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Average Daily Membership (ADM)	Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	Ratio of ADA to ADM
2023	7,326	6,843	93.41%
2022	7,462	6,909	92.60%
2021	7,518	7,265	96.64%
2020	7,665	7,315	95.43%
2019	7,574	7,232	95.48%
2018	7,568	7,224	95.45%
2017	7,478	7,140	95.49%
2016	7,241	7,001	96.68%
2015	7,146	6,845	95.78%
2014	6,986	6,714	96.11%

Source: District Enrollment Records

Open Enrolled Students Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School Year	Open Enrollment In	Open Enrollment Out	Net Gain (Loss)	
2023	595.2	838.1	(243)	
2022	665.2	690.5	(25)	
2021	645.2	714.2	(69)	
2020	622.3	657.9	(36)	
2019	605.6	648	(42)	
2018	608.6	599	10	
2017	589.9	554.5	35	
2016	565.5	571.4	(6)	
2015	498.2	533	(35)	
2014	474.8	513	(38)	

Source: School District Certified Enrollment Records

# SINGLE AUDIT SECTION





# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal Pass-Through		
	Assistance	Entity	
	Listing	Identifying	Provided to Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients Expenditures
Indirect:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Pass-Through Iowa Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster Programs:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	FY23 4552	\$ - \$ 194,072
National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY23 4553	- 1,386,271
National School Lunch Program- Supply Chain Assistance		FY23 4014	- 308,307
Commodities-DOD (Noncash)	10.555	FY23	- 160,723
Commodities (Noncash)	10.555	FY23	- 279,458
			- 2,134,759
Total Child Nutrition Cluster,			
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			- 2,328,831
II O Demontrary of Educations			
U.S. Department of Education:			
Pass-Through Iowa Department of Education:	04.040	E)/00 4504	500.050
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	FY23 4501	- 588,859
Career and Technical Education-			
Basic Grants to States	84.048	FY23 4531	- 48.569
	04.040	F123 4331	- 48,309
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			
Federal Teacher Quality Program	84.367	FY23 4643	- 115,769
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	FY23 4669	- 43,397
Education Stabilization Fund:			
COVID-19 Discretionary Grants: Rethink K-12 Education			
Models Grants	84.425B	FY23 4053	- 33,430
COVID-19 ARP- Elementary and Secondary School	01.1202		
Emergency Relief Fund (ARP-ESSER)	84.425U	FY23 4043	- 2,344,084
COVID-19 ARP- Elementary and Secondary School	01.1200	1 120 1010	2,011,001
Emergency Relief Fund (ARP-ESSER)	84.425U	FY23 4045	- 697,896
Emorgonoy Robot Fana (Alta - EooErt)	01.7200	7 120 4040	- 3,041,980
Total Education Stabilization Fund			- 3,075,410
Total Education Stabilization Fund			- 3,075,410

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal F Assistance	Pass-Through Entity		
	Listing	Identifying	Provided to	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Pass-Through Grant Wood Area Education Agency: Special Education Cluster, Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) English Language Acquisition State Grants Total U.S. Department of Education	84.027 84.365	FY23 4521 FY23 4644	- - -	345,495 11,844 4,229,343
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:  Pass-Through lowa Department of Education:  COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative  Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis	93.354	FY23 4624		94,221
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ -	\$ 6,652,395

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Linn-Mar Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

### Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are reported on the modified accrual or accrual basis of accounting based on the fund type of the program. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the District has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal awards is recognized when it is both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.





#### **Community School District**

#### 2999 North Tenth St. Marion, IA 52302

Amy Kortemeyer Superintendent

Nathan Wear Associate Superintendent

Bob Read Associate Superintendent

Jon Galbraith Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Leisa Breitfelder Executive Director of Student Services

Karla Christian Chief HR Officer/Executive Director of Communications

Jeri Ramos Executive Director of Technology Services

Brittania Morey President Board of Education

# Inspire Learning. Unlock Potential. Empower Achievement.

#### **Linn-Mar Community School District**

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Findings	Status	Reason For Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan
Findings F	Pertaining to the Financial Statements:		
2022-001	The District has insufficient	Corrected.	
2021-001	segregation of duties over the		
2020-001	disbursement process.		
2019-002			
2018-001			
Findings F	Pertaining to Statutory Reporting:		
IV-A-22	Expenditures for the year ended June 30,	Not corrected.	The District overexpended the
	2022 exceeded the amended certified		instruction function. See response
	budget in the instruction function.		and corrective action plan at IV-A-23.
	The District exceeded its budget prior	Corrected.	
	to passing its amendment in the other		
	expendtiures function.		
n, p 00	7. 5		
IV-D-22	The District did not obtain written bids, and did	Corrected.	
	not obtain board approval to exempt purchase		
	from board policy.		
IV-H-22	There were variances in certified enrollment	Not corrected.	Student changes were not timely. See
	certified to the state in October 2020.		response and corrective action plan at
			IV-H-23.





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Linn-Mar Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2023.

Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Linn-Mar Community School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Linn-Mar Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about Linn-Mar Community School District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2023 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

## **Purpose of This Report**

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moline, Illinois December 4, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education Linn-Mar Community School District Marion, Iowa

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Program**

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Linn-Mar Community School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Linn-Mar Community School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit,
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moline, Illinois

December 4, 2023

Bohnsack & frommelt LLP



# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

# I. Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statemer	nts		
Type of auditor's rep	port issued:	Unmodif	ied
Internal control over  • Material weakne		Yes	X No
<ul> <li>Significant defici</li> </ul>	ency identified?	Yes	X None Reported
<ul> <li>Noncompliance</li> </ul>	material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over  • Material weakne  • Significant defici	ess(es) identified?	Yes Yes	X No X None Reported
<ul> <li>Any audit finding</li> </ul>	port issued on compliance for major programs: gs disclosed that are required to be reported with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? ajor programs:	Unmodif Yes	ied X No
Federal Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
Education Stabilization	n Fund:		
84.425B	COVID-19 Discretionary Grants: Rethink K-12 Education Models Grants		
84.425U	COVID-19 ARP-Elementary and Secondary School		
	Emergency Relief Fund (ARP-ESSER)		
Dollar threshold use	d to distinguish between type A and type B progra	ms: \$750,000	
Auditee qualified as	low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No
(Continued)			

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Part II: Findings Related to the Basic Financial Statements

Instances of noncompliance:

No matters were reported.

Internal control deficiencies:

No matters were reported.

# Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Instances of noncompliance:

No matters were reported.

Internal control deficiencies:

No matters were reported.

# Part IV: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting

# IV-A-23

Certified Budget -

<u>Finding:</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023 exceeded the amended certified budget in the instruction function.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The certified budget should be amended before expenditures are allowed to exceed the budget.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

# IV-B-23

Questionable Expenditures – No expenditures were noted that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

# IV-C-23

Travel Expense – No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

#### IV-D-23

Business Transactions – No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.

#### IV-E-23

Restricted Donor Activity- No transactions were noted between the District, District officials or District employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.

(Continued)

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### IV-F-23

Bond Coverage – Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.

#### IV-G-23

Board Minutes – No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.

#### IV-H-23

Certified Enrollment:

<u>Finding</u>: The Department of Management identified variances in certified enrollment certified to the state in October 2022.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review certified enrollment data prior to submission to ensure accuracy of the information certified to the state.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The District will continue to review data prior to submission.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

#### IV-I-23

Supplementary Weighting-

<u>Finding</u>: The District identified variances in supplementary weighting submitted to the state in October 2022.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the District review supplementary weighting data for accuracy prior to submission to the state.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The District will continue to review data prior to submission.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

#### IV-J-23

Deposits and Investments – No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.

#### IV-K-23

Certified Annual Report – The Certified Annual Report was certified to the Iowa Department of Education timely.

#### IV-L-23

Categorical Funding – No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

(Continued)

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### IV-M-23

Statewide Sales and Services Tax – No instances of noncompliance with the use of the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales and services tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District did not reduce tax levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

Beginning balance	\$ 3,752,185
Revenue / tranfers in:	
Statewide sales and services tax revenue	10,379,010
Issuance of long-term debt	15,000,000
Transfers in/other	252,439
Expenditures/transfers out:	
Transfers out	(19,976,925)
Instruction	(979,604)
Support services	(65,009)
Debt service	(1,500)
Capital outlay for facilities and property and equipment	 (2,618,450)
Ending balance	\$ 5,742,146



#### **Community School District**

#### 2999 North Tenth St. Marion, IA 52302

Amy Kortemeyer Superintendent

Nathan Wear Associate Superintendent

Bob Read Associate Superintendent

Jon Galbraith Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Leisa Breitfelder Executive Director of Student Services

Karla Christian Chief HR Officer/Executive Director of Communications

Jeri Ramos Executive Director of Technology Services

Brittania Morey President Board of Education

# Inspire Learning. Unlock Potential. Empower Achievement.

#### **Linn-Mar Community School District**

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

Current Number	Comment	Corrective Action Plan	Anticipated Date of Completion	Contact Person
Findings F	Pertaining to Statutory Reporting:			
IV-A-23	Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023 exceeded the amended certified budget in the instruction function.	See response and corrective action plan at IV-A-23	June 30, 2024	Jon Galbraith
IV-H-23	There were variances in certified enrollment certified to the state in October 2022.	See response and corrective action plan at IV-H-23	June 30, 2024	Jon Galbraith
IV-I-23	There were variances in supplementary weighting certified to the state in October 2022.	See response and corrective action plan at IV-I-23	June 30, 2024	Jon Galbraith